

R6551

Digital Multimeter

Operation Manual

MANUAL NUMBER FOE-8311246D01

Applicable models

- · R6551
- · R6551EMC

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Safety Summary

To ensure thorough understanding of all functions and to ensure efficient use of this instrument, please read the manual carefully before using. Note that Advantest bears absolutely no responsibility for the result of operations caused due to incorrect or inappropriate use of this instrument.

If the equipment is used in a manner not specified by Advantest, the protection provided by the equipment may be impaired.

Warning Labels

Warning labels are applied to Advantest products in locations where specific dangers exist. Pay careful attention to these labels during handling. Do not remove or tear these labels. If you have any questions regarding warning labels, please ask your nearest Advantest dealer. Our address and phone number are listed at the end of this manual.

Symbols of those warning labels are shown below together with their meaning.

DANGER: Indicates an imminently hazardous situation which will result in death or serious personal injury.

WARNING: Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which will result in death or serious personal injury.

CAUTION: Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which will result in personal injury or a damage to property including the product.

Basic Precautions

Please observe the following precautions to prevent fire, burn, electric shock, and personal injury.

- Use a power cable rated for the voltage in question. Be sure however to use a power cable conforming to safety standards of your nation when using a product overseas.
- When inserting the plug into the electrical outlet, first turn the power switch OFF and then insert the plug as far as it will go.
- When removing the plug from the electrical outlet, first turn the power switch OFF and then
 pull it out by gripping the plug. Do not pull on the power cable itself. Make sure your hands
 are dry at this time.
- Before turning on the power, be sure to check that the supply voltage matches the voltage requirements of the instrument.
- Be sure to plug the power cable into an electrical outlet which has a safety ground terminal.
 Grounding will be defeated if you use an extension cord which does not include a safety ground terminal.
- · Be sure to use fuses rated for the voltage in question.
- Do not use this instrument with the case open.

Safety Summary

- Do not place objects on top of this product. Also, do not place flower pots or other containers containing liquid such as chemicals near this product.
- When the product has ventilation outlets, do not stick or drop metal or easily flammable objects into the ventilation outlets.
- When using the product on a cart, fix it with belts to avoid its drop.
- When connecting the product to peripheral equipment, turn the power off.

Caution Symbols Used Within this Manual

Symbols indicating items requiring caution which are used in this manual are shown below together with their meaning.

DANGER: Indicates an item where there is a danger of serious personal injury (death or serious injury).

WARNING: Indicates an item relating to personal safety or health.

CAUTION: Indicates an item relating to possible damage to the product or instrument or relating to a restriction on operation.

Safety Marks on the Product

The following safety marks can be found on Advantest products.



ATTENTION - Refer to manual.



Protective ground (earth) terminal.



DANGER - High voltage.



CAUTION - Risk of electric shock.

Replacing Parts with Limited Life

The following parts used in the instrument are main parts with limited life.

Replace the parts listed below after their expected lifespan has expired.

Note that the estimated lifespan for the parts listed below may be shortened by factors such as the environment where the instrument is stored or used, and how often the instrument is used.

There is a possibility that each product uses different parts with limited life. For more information, refer to Chapter 1.

Main Parts with Limited Life

Part name	Life
Unit power supply	5 years
Fan motor	5 years
Electrolytic capacitor	5 years
LCD panel	6 years
LCD backlight	2.5 years
Floppy disk drive	5 years

Precautions when Disposing of this Instrument

When disposing of harmful substances, be sure dispose of them properly with abiding by the state-provided law.

- Harmful substances: (1) PCB (polycarbon biphenyl)
 - (2) Mercury
 - (3) Ni-Cd (nickel cadmium)
 - (4) Other

Items possessing cyan, organic phosphorous and hexadic chromium and items which may leak cadmium or arsenic (excluding lead in sol der).

Example:

fluorescent tubes, batteries

Environmental Conditions

This instrument should be only be used in an area which satisfies the following conditions:

- · An area free from corrosive gas
- · An area away from direct sunlight
- A dust-free area
- An area free from vibrations

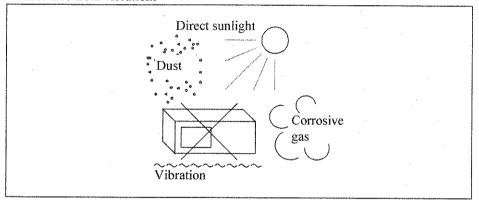


Figure-1 Environmental Conditions

Front

Keep at least 10 centimeters of space between the rear panel and any other surface

Figure-2 Instrument Placement

This instrument can be used safely under the following conditions:

- Altitude of up to 2000 m
- · Installation Categories II
- Pollution Degree 2

Table of Power Cable Options

There are six power cable options (refer to following table).

Order power cable options by Model number.

	Plug configuration	Standards	Rating, color and length		odel number otion number)
The day of the same of the sam		JIS: Japan Law on Electrical Appliances	125 V at 7 A Black 2 m (6 ft)	Straight: Angled:	A01402 A01412
2		UL: United States of America CSA: Canada	125 V at 7 A Black 2 m (6 ft)	Straight: Angled:	A01403 (Option 95) A01413
3		CEE: Europe DEMKO: Denmark NEMKO: Norway VDE: Germany KEMA: The Netherlands CEBEC: Belgium OVE: Austria FIMKO: Finland SEMKO: Sweden	250 V at 6 A Gray 2 m (6 ft)	Straight: Angled:	A01404 (Option 96) A01414
4		SEV: Switzerland	250 V at 6 A Gray 2 m (6 ft)	Straight: Angled:	A01405 (Option 97) A01415
5		SAA: Australia, New Zealand	250 V at 6 A Gray 2 m (6 ft)	Straight: Angled:	A01406 (Option 98)
6		BS: United Kingdom	250 V at 6 A Black 2 m (6 ft)	Straight: Angled:	A01407 (Option 99) A01417

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Preface

PREFACE

- (1) This manual covers operations of the R6551 and R6551EMC.
- 2 In this manual, the panel diagrams use the R6551.
- 3 All information contained in this manual that refers to the R6551/R6551EMC or this equipment is common to each of the R6551 and R6551EMC.

Table of Contents

TABLE OF CONTENTS

1	GENERAL INFORMATION	1	<u>-</u>	1
	1.2 General			
	1.3 Before Using Equipment		-	-
	1.3.1 Checking Appearance and Accessories Supplied	•	_	-
	1.3.2 Precautions			
	1.4 Notes On Use of Power Cable		-	
	1.5 Input Cable Structure		****	
	1.6 Fuses	1	-	8
2	. IDENTIFICATION OF EACH PART			
	2.1 Front Panel			
	2.2 Rear Panel	2	•••	9
3	. SAMPLE KEY OPERATIONS	3		1
				1
4	. STARTING OPERATION	_	_	
	4.1 Setting Up Equipment	***	_	
	4.2 NULL Operation	_	_	
	4.3 SCALE Operation			7
	4.4 Selection of Measuring Functions	4		,
5	GPIB INTERFACE	5	_	1
	5.1 Introduction		•	
	5.2 Specifications	5	-	2
	5.3 Interconnecting GPIB System Components	5	-	4
	5.4 Address Setting and Header ON/OFF Selection	5	_	5
	5.5 Talker Specification	5		7
	5.5.1 Data Format	5		7
	5.5.2 Output Format	5		1 (
	5.5.3 Binary Output Format	5		1 (
	5.6 Listener Specification	5	_	1 1
	5.7 Service Request (SRQ)	5		14
	5.8 Command Codes	. 5		1
	5.9 Sample Programs	5	_	2
	5.10 Outline Operation Flowchart	5		2
	5.10.1 Notes on Operations	5	-	2
۲	5. BCD OUTPUT (OPT01) (R6551 only)	6	_	1
Ų	6.1 Introduction	6		1
	6.2 Data Output Code and Data Output Connector	6		2
	6.3 Operating Procedures			5
	6.3.1 Connection to Digital Recorder	-		5
	6.3.2 Connection to Equipment Other than Digital Recorder			5
	6.3.3 Measuring Timing	_		6
	6.4 Specifications			8
		-		_

Table of Contents 7. SPECIFICATION, OPTIONS, AND ACCESSORIES 7 - 17.1 Specification 7.2 Option 7.3 Accessories (Purchased) 7 - 98. CHECKING AND CALIBRATION 8.1 Troubleshooting by User 8 - 1 8.2 Calibration 8.2.1 Preparation 8 - 28.2.2 Calibration Method 8.2.3 Sample Calibrations 8 - 7 9. DESCRIPTION OF R6551/R6551EMC OPERATION 9 - 19.1 Outline of R6551/R6551EMC Operation 9 - 19.2 AD Converter 9 - 3I - 1 EXTERNAL VIEW

List of Figures

LIST OF FIGURES

No.	Title	Page
1 - 1 1 - 2	Power Cable Plug and Adapter	1 - 6 1 - 7
2 - 1	Input cable connection for measuring four-wire resistance	2 - 7
2 - 2	Front Panel	2 - 12
2 - 3	Rear Panel	2 - 12
4 - 1	Line Frequency Setting	4 - 1
5 - 1	GPIB Connector Pin Assignment	5 - 2
5 - 2	GPIB Operation Flowchart	5 - 26
6 - 1	BCD Output Connector	6 - 3
6 - 2	Output Circuit of BCD Output Unit	6 - 6
6 - 3	External Start Input Circuit	6 - 8
9 - 1	R6551/R6551EMC Block Diagram	9 - 2
9 - 2	Outline of AD Converter Operation	9 - 3

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List of Tables

LIST OF TABLES

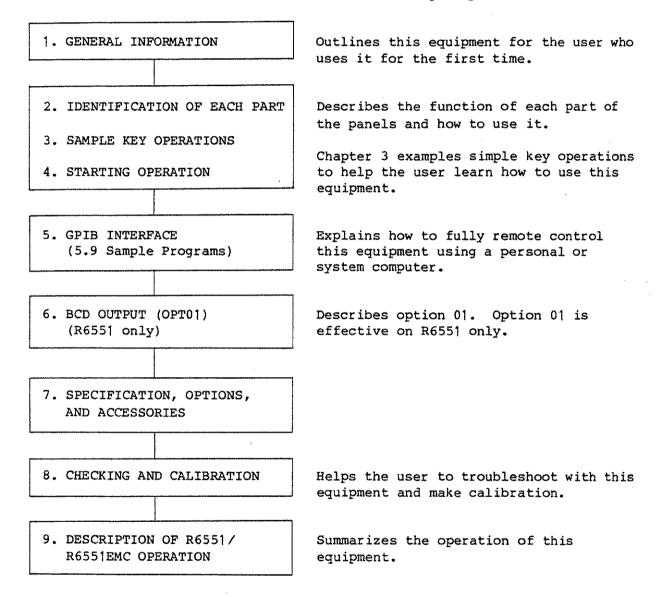
No.	Title	Page
1 - 1 1 - 2	List of Accessories Supplied	1 - 4 1 - 8
5 - 1 5 - 2 5 - 3	Interface Functions	5 - 3 5 - 4 5 - 5
5 - 4 5 - 5 5 - 6 5 - 7	Data in Mantissa and Exponent Parts (in 5 1/2-digit Display) Program Codes State Changes Caused by Commands Command Codes	5 - 9 5 - 11 5 - 16 5 - 17
6 - 1 6 - 2	BCD Data Output Codes	6 - 2
8 - 1 8 - 2 8 - 3	Check Items Equipments for Calibration Calibration Items and Recommended Input Values	8 - 1 8 - 3 8 - 4

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1. GENERAL INFORMATION

1.1 Manual Overview

This instruction manual consists of the following chapters:



1.2 General

R6551/R6551EMC (=this equipment) is a high-performance digital multimeter which measures DC voltage, AC voltage (true root-mean-square (rms) value), resistance (using two-wire and four-wire conductors), DC current, and AC current (true rms value). This equipment displays measured values in up to 5 1/2 digits of 319999.

In addition to the above measuring functions, this equipment has the functions of NULL operation to correct the off-set and measure relative values, and SCALE operation to display the relative ratios. It also has the external trigger function and a measurement end signal output connector. This equipment sets the integration time selected depending on the necessary measurement accuracy, and allows high-speed measurement (resulting in 4 1/4 digits) for 100 times per second.

In R6551EMC, measurement with few generation of the radiation noise can be done by reinforcing the shield of the front panel and the frame.

This equipment is provided with a digital interface for programmable instrumentation called general-purpose interface bus (GPIB) as a standard attachment.

The GPIB allows this equipment to set measurement parameters, output data, and make up an automatic instrumentation system using a personal or system computer.

R6551 is provided with the OPT01 for BCD parallel data output as an option.

Features:

- Displays measured values in up to 5 1/2 digits of 319999 with 3ppm resolution.
- Allows highly sensitive measurement to be done with DC voltage resolution of 1 μV and resistance resolution of 1 $M\Omega$.
- Makes stable measurement through integral AD conversion for integration time selection and setting.
- Performs high-speed sampling for 100 times per second and displays it in up to 4 1/2 digits.
- Measures resistance using a four-wire measuring system not affected by the resistance of the measurement cable
- Measures AC voltage and current by a true rms value measuring method.
- Measures AC voltages within the wide frequency band range from 20Hz to 300kHz.

1.2 General

- Displays output data, units, and functions with clear green LEDs.
- Optimizes a measuring range at high speed using a high-speed auto-range.
- Provides the NULL function to correct the off-set promptly.
- Provides the SCALE function to set and calculate 100% values promptly.
- Optimized to be integrated into a full-remote automatic instrumentation system using the GPIB interface provided as a standard attachment.
- Has external trigger input and measurement end signal output terminals.
- Provided with BCD parallel data output as an option. (R6551 only)
- Has the setting storage function to store panel setting states in the built-in non-volatile memory.
- Can be calibrated by the program via the GPIB without opening the case, and has the storage for calibration data protected by the dedicated switch.
- Allows high-precision measurement using the high-precision reference voltage and a thin film resistor.
- Can be connected with a cable-lock type input cable (to the front panel) to prevent danger.
- Uses input terminals with screw-type binding posts for sensors and general-purpose input lines on the rear panel, allowing one of the input terminals on the front and rear panels to be set selectively by the panel switch.
- Even when DUT receives the effect easily from electromagnetic surroundings environments to suppress the generation of the radiation noise small in R6551EMC, steady measurement is possible.

1.3 Before Using Equipment

1.3.1 Checking Appearance and Accessories Supplied

Upon delivery check this equipment for external damage caused during transportation. Then check the quantity and specification of each accessory supplied according to Table 1-1.

If any damage is found or if any accessory is missing, contact your local ADVANTEST office or agent.

Note: When ordering supplied accessory, specify its model or stock No.

Accessory name	Model	Stock No.	Qty	Remarks
Power cable	A01402	-	1.	Two-pin adapter provided
Input cable	A01001		1	Case provided
Power fuses	Slow-blow fuse 0.16A (EAWK 0.16A)	DFT-AAR16A	2*	For 100/120VAC
	Slow-blow fuse 0.063A (EAWK 0.063A)	DFT-AAR063A		For 220/240VAC
Protective fuse	Normal pre-arcing fuse 3.15A (TMF51NR3.15A)	DFN-AA3R15A	2	
Instruction manual	-	JR6551	1	Japanese version
	-	ER6551		English version

Table 1 - 1 List of Accessories Supplied

1.3.2 Precautions

- (1) When using this equipment with a commercial power supply, be sure to use the attached power cable. The power supply must provide 90V to 110V (or 103V to 132V, 198V to 242V, or 207V to 250V depending on the country) and line frequency of 48Hz to 66Hz.
- (2) Be sure to check that the POWER switch of this equipment is off before connecting the power cable to it or incorporating an accessory unit into it.

^{*:} One of two power fuses is stored in the fuse holder of the power connector.

1.3 Before Using Equipment

(3) Warming Up this Equipment

Warm up this equipment for an hour or more before starting measurement to ensure the specified measurement accuracy.

(4) Ambient Operating Environment

Operate this equipment at an ambient temperature between 0 and 50°C and humidity of 85% RH or less. Use this equipment in a well-ventilated place not exposed to direct sunlight. Be careful in handling this equipment so as not to give it any severe vibration or mechanical shock.

(5) Notes on Storage

When this equipment will not be used for a long period of time, put it in a corrugated cardboard box after wrapping it in vinyl, for example, and store it in a dry place away from directo sunlight. When storing this equipment, keep the ambient temperature within the -25 to +70°C.

1.4 Notes On Use of Power Cable

Before using this equipment on commercial power, be sure to ground this equipment to prevent electric shock. Connect the concave end of the attached power cable (A01402) to the AC LINE connector. The power cable has a three-prong plug whose round prong is to be grounded.

When using a two-prong adapter to plug the power cable to a receptacle, connect the ground lead of the adapter to ground. The attached adapter A09034 (KPR-18) conforms to the Electric Appliance Regulations. As shown in Figure 1-1, prongs A and B of A09034 are different in width, so make sure which is which when plugging this adapter into a receptacle. Note that if the ground lead touches an AC line such as a power-supply terminal, this equipment may be damaged. Pay special attention when the ground lead comes close to other plugs.

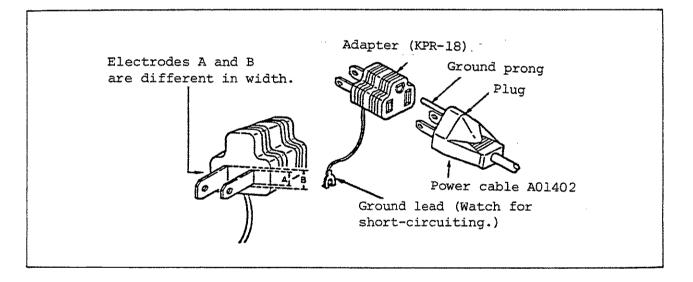


Figure 1 - 1 Power Cable Plug and Adapter

1.5 Input Cable Structure

Use the attached A01001 as the input cable for this equipment. Connect the red clip to the INPUT terminal HI and the black one to the LO.

Do not cut the red line carelessly because it is a shielding wire.

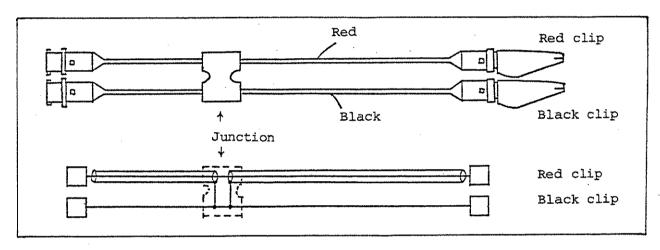


Figure 1 - 2 Input Cable Structure

1.6 Fuses

This equipment has a power fuse and a protective fuse near the current measurement input terminal, which protects internal circuits. Before replacing the power fuse, turn the POWER switch off and remove the power cable. When replacing it, be sure to use only the fuse having the same specification as the replaced one according to Table 1-2.

- NOTE -

When replacing a fuse, be sure to use the same type with the same rating to prevent fire.

Table 1 - 2 Specifications of Fuses

Fuse	Type	Power fuses	Remarks
Power fuses	Slow-blow fuse 0.16A (EAWK0.16A)	DFT-AAR16A	For VAC 100/120
	Slow-blow fuse 0.063A (EAWK0.063A)	DFT-AAR063A	For VAC 220/240
Protective fuse	Normal pre-arcing fuse 3.15A (TMF51NR3.15A)	DFN-AA3R15A	

Note: When checking each fuse, inspect it visually and measure the resistance. The resistance of a non-defective fuse must not exceed 15Ω .

2. IDENTIFICATION OF EACH PART

2.1 Front Panel

- (1) Display Block
- (1) Sampling Indicator

Indicates that this equipment is executing measurement through AD conversion.

(2) REMOTE Indicator

Indicates that this equipment is operating under remote control.

(3) MA (My Address) Indicator

Indicates reception of MLA (My listen Address) or MTA (My Talk Address).

4 Digital Display

Displays measured values in up to 5 1/2 or 4 1/2 digits, up to ± 319999 . The polarity is displayed only when the measured value is negative.

(5) Unit Display

Indicates the unit specified by the indicator ".".

- (2) Key Switches
- (6) POWER Switch

Turning this switch on by pressing it in causes all circuits to be powered. Turning the switch off by pressing it again causes the power to be cut off.

(7) Measuring Function Selector Keys

The LED in the key pressed to select the corresponding function lights. The measuring range which has been set is held.

v bc

ED: Selects the DC voltage measuring function.

Selects the AC voltage measuring function (to obtain true rms values).

2wΩ

Selects the two-wire resistance measuring function.

2.1 Front Panel

: Selects the four-wire resistance measuring function.
Selects the DC current measuring function.
Selects AC current measuring function (to obtain true rms values).
AUTO/A ZERO Key
- Selects either AUTO or manual ranges. (LED lit: AUTO)
- Allows Auto Zero on or off to be set in the shift mode.
- To turn Auto Zero on or off, press or in the shift mode
and then press again.
- Moves changeable digits in calibration and GPIB setting.
Range DOWN/4DGT Key
- If this key is pressed when the auto range has been selected, the key shifts the range down by one range into the manual range.
- If this key is pressed when the manual range has been selected, the key shifts the range down by one range.
- If this key is pressed in the shift mode, it causes display in up to $4\ 1/2\ \text{digits}$.
- Changes 50 or 60Hz, GPIB header setting, or address pointed by
blinking when $\prod_{\text{LINE }P}$ or $\prod_{\text{GP-IB}}$ has been pressed in the shift mode.
- Pressing this key in the shift mode causes [(Auto Zero
ON) to change to FI OFF (Auto Zero OFF).
- Changes the numeric value in calibration.
* When is pressed lastly in the shift mode, the contents of changed settings are established.

2.1 Front Panel

6	0	Range	UP/5DGT	Key
---	---	-------	---------	-----

- If this key is pressed when the auto range has been selected, the key shifts the range up by one range into the manual range.
- If this key is pressed when the manual range has been selected, the key shifts the range up by one range.
- If this key is pressed in the shift mode, it causes display in up to 5 1/2 digits.
- Changes 50 or 60Hz, GPIB header setting, or address pointed by blinking when $\bigcap_{\text{LINE }F}$ or $\bigcap_{\text{GP-IB}}$ has been pressed in the shift mode.
- Changes the numeric value indicated by blinking in calibration.
- * When ___ is pressed lastly in the shift mode, the contents of changed settings are established.

(1) HOLD/CLEAR Key

- Sets and cancels the sampling hold state. (LED lit: Hold state)
- Sets the mode to clear the contents of set conditions to initial values when is pressed in the shift mode.
- * When is pressed lastly in the shift mode, the contents of changed settings are established.

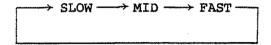
(2) TRIG/GP-IB Key

- Instructs this equipment to start measurement in the HOLD state.
- Sets the mode to turn the GPIB header on or off and set the address when GPIB is pressed in the shift mode. (To change header on/off and address settings, use the UP or DOWN key.)
- * When is pressed lastly in the shift mode, the contents of changed settings are established.

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(13)	RATE/LINE	Key

- Sets the sampling rate. The sampling rate changes as follows in turn every time this key is pressed:



At the sampling rate of FAST, the maximum number of displayed digits is $4 \frac{1}{2}$.

Example: DCV function

Set rate	Sampling rate (Auto Zero ON)
FAST MID SLOW	50 times/s (4 1/2 digits) 10 times/s (5 1/2 or 4 1/2 digits) 3 times/s (5 1/2 or 4 1/2 digits)

- Set the mode to select a line frequency of 50Hz or 60Hz when pressed in the shift mode. (See (1) in Section 4.1 for the setting method.) (When the sampling rate is set to MID, be sure to set the frequency to the line frequency in use for efficient integration.)
- (4) SRQ Key

Issues the SRQ signal onto the GPIB even under remote control when SRQ is pressed.

(15) SHIFT/LOCAL Key

In the SHIFT mode

- Sets the SHIFT mode, displaying _ _ _ _ _ _ .
- When LIEAR is pressed, the mode to set CLEAR (initial values of set conditions) is established.

2.1 Front Panel

- When GPIB code format header ON/OFF, Addressable-Only, and Address is established.				
Code format: 105 digits				
indicates command group 0.				
indicates command group 1.				
indicates command group 2.				
- When LINE, is pressed, the mode to set a line frequency is established. SHIFT When is pressed again, this equipment returns to the mode for measurement in the set conditions.				
- The key turns Auto Zero on or off. To change the setting of Auto Zero on or off, press or - Keys and cause display in up to 4 1/2 and 5 1/2 digits to be set respectively.				
NOTE -				
1. The following six switches are workable in the shift mode:				
A ZERO ADGT SDGT CLEAR GP-IB LINE P				
2. The measuring function and unit displayed in the shift mode are the same as those that have been set.				
• In the REMOTE control mode:				
- Interrupts remote control to allow entering from the panel when				

Feb 19/92

When this equipment regains local control in the mode which is not displayed by the DSO command, the display ON mode is established.

is pressed.

2.1 Front Panel

(16) NULL Key

Resets the currently displayed value to 0 for relative display.

Pressing this key again cancels the setting.

When using , press it for one second or more. The moment after this key is pressed, the preceding status appears in the display. When it is pressed for one second or more, however, the status changes

- NOTE

to TL OT or TL OFF, which is displayed for about a second to indicate that the NULL key entry has been recognized.

To prevent malfunction, this key does not work if it is only hit momentarily.

(17) SCALE Key

Corrects zero to full-scale values to 0 to 100% values.

Calculates and outputs the ratio of each measured value (M $_{
m IN}$) to the value (M $_{
m SCALE}$) measured in SCALE setting as 100%.

Allows SCALE operation to be executed based on NULL operation.

Pressing again cancels the SCALE setting.

When ED is pressed, appears in the display. If it is pressed for one second or more, the LED in the key goes on or off while

or or appears, indicating scale setting or canceling the setting, respectively.

(3) Input Terminal Block

18 INPUT Terminal HI

Input terminal for measuring DC and AC voltages and two/four-wire resistance measurement

Connect the HI (red clip) side, of the input cable to this terminal.

19 INPUT Terminal LO

Input terminal for all measuring functions. Connect the LO (black clip) side of the input cable to this terminal.

(20) $4W\Omega$ HI (Ω SENSE HI) Terminal

Input HI terminal for four-wire resistance measurement.

When using the cable for four-wire resistance measurement (A01006), connect its HI (red clip) side to this terminal.

(21) 4WΩ LO (Ω SENSE LO) Terminal

Input LO terminal for four-wire resistance measurement.

When using the cable for four-wire resistance measurement (A01006), connect its LO side (blue clip) to this terminal.

(22) A HI (INPUT HI) Terminal

Input terminal for DC and AC current measurement.

Connect the HI side having a red clip of the input cable to this terminal. (Connect the LO (black clip) side to the input LO terminal 19 .)

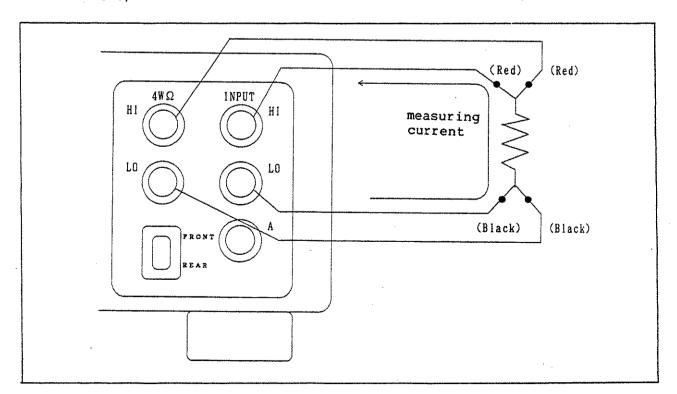


Figure 2 - 1 Input cable connection for measuring four-wire resistance

2.1 Front Panel

(23) FRONT/REAR Selector Switch

Pushbutton switch to select input terminals on the front or rear panel.

- When the switch is depressed as "n", input terminals on the rear side are selected. At this time, DC and AC voltage measurement and two-and four-wire resistance measurement are possible from the rear side.
- When the switch is projecting as " \square ", input terminals on the front side are selected.

- NOTE -

- 1. FRONT/REAR selection cannot be remote-controlled.
- 2. Never operate the FRONT/REAR selector switch with any input terminal applied with high voltage.

2.2 Rear Panel

24) INPUT Terminal HI

Input terminal for DC and AC voltage measurement and two- and four-wire resistance measurement.

Connect the HI (red clip) side of the input cable to this terminal.

25 INPUT Terminal LO

Input LO terminal for DC and AC voltage measurement and two- and four-wire resistance measurement.

Connect the LO (black clip) side of the input cable to this terminal.

(26) 4W Ω HI (Ω SENSE HI) Terminal

Input HI terminal for four-wire resistance measurement.

When using the cable for four-wire resistance measurement (A01006), connect its HI (red clip) side to this terminal.

(27) 4W Ω LO (Ω SENSE LO) Terminal

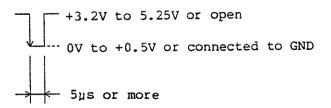
Input LO terminal for four-wire resistance measurement.

When using the cable for four-wire resistance measurement (A01006), connect its LO side (blue clip) to this terminal.

(28) TRIGGER Connector

This connector is used to give a measurement start instruction in the HOLD state.

External start signal (TTL level negative pulse)



29 COMPLETE Connector

This connector is used to output the strobe signal to terminate output of measurement data or processing data.

Complete signal (TTL level negative pulse)

(30) GPIB Connector

This 24-pin piggyback connector is used for the bus cable complying with the IEEE-488 standard.

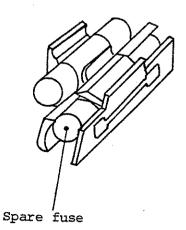
- * The GPIB allows this equipment to be incorporated into an automatic instrumentation system which can set the measuring functions and parameters of this equipment and read measurement data via the GPIB.
- 3) Power Connector

AC power supply connector.

Connect the attached power cable (A01402) to this connector.

(3) Fuse Holder

Houses a 0.16A (for 100/120VAC) or 0.063A (for 220/240VAC) slow-blow fuse and a spare fuse. (See Section 1.6 for details about fuses.)



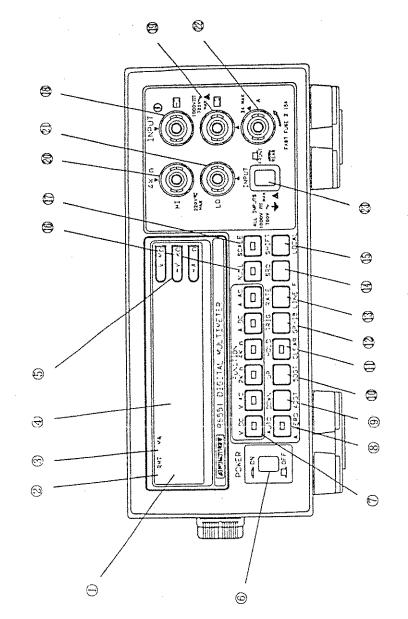
2.2 Rear Panel

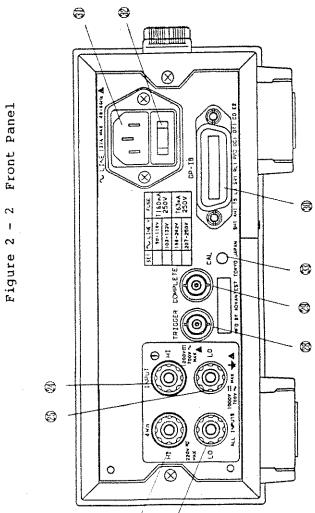
3 CAL Switch

When this calibration switch is pressed, this equipment enters the calibration mode and the display starts flashing.

When it is pressed again, this equipment returns to the normal measurement mode from the calibration mode.

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8

Figure 2 - 3 Rear Panel



3.	SAMPLE	KEY	OPERATIONS

3. SAMPLE KEY OPERATIONS

This section provides four examples of setting on the panel for the user who uses this equipment for the first time to help him/her learn how to use this equipment quickly. Try to operate keys and switches according to each operating procedure.

Example 3-1: Set the number of digits to be displayed to 4 1.	/2.					
Operating procedure: Display						
① Causes a series of " " to appear on the digital display.						
Selects display of values in 4 1/2 digits and returns to the previous measurement mode.						
To cancel the setting halfway the procedure After (1): Press again.	٠					

NOTE

Sampling rates and digit ranges to be set:

	4 1/2 digits	5 1/2 digits
FAST*	0	×
MID	0	0
SLOW	0	0

* Even though display in 5 1/2 digits is specified at the FAST rate, display in 4 1/2 digits is set. When the sampling rate is changed to either MID or SLOW from this state, display in 5 1/2 digits is set.

When the rate is changed to either MID or SLOW after display in 4 1/2 digits is set at the FAST rate, the setting of display in 4 1/2 digits remains the same.

3 - 1

3. SAMPLE KEY OPERATIONS

Example 3-2: Set the contents of settings to their initial values.
Operating procedure: Display
① Press
② Press Clear to appear on the digital display.
<pre> ③ Press Initializes the contents of settings.</pre>
- Function : VDC - Range : AUTO - Rate : SLOW - Null : OFF - Number of displayed digits: 5 1/2 digits - Sampling : Free run - Auto Zero : ON - Delimiter mode : DLO - SRQ mode : S1 - Talker format : Header ON
To cancel the setting halfway through the procedure
After ①: Press again.
After 2: Press again after pressing Frib, or ZERO.
The above procedure does not initialize the GPIB address, command group, and the set line frequency.

	7.7
Example 3-3: Set the GP-IB header to ON and the	address to 21.
Operating procedure:	Display
1 Press	
<pre>Press</pre>	0_8 05
- Header: OFF - Addressable - Address: 05	† Flashing
3 Press Changes the digit at the flashing	0_A 25
point to 2.	† Flashing
4 Press 5 . Shifts the flashing position to the	0_A 25
right.	† Flashing
5 Press Changes the digit at the flashing point	0 _ A 2 1
4-3-2-1	† Flashing
6 Press ED ED. Shifts the flashing position to the	0 _ 8 _ 2 1
digit of 104.	† Flashing
7 Press or .	0 H B 2 I
Changes to (header ON).	↑ Flashing
8 Press Turns the header on, sets the address to 21, and returns to the preceding measurement mode.	
* To specify the only mode, change at the dig:	it of 10^3 to \square .

3. SAMPLE KEY OPERATIONS

To cancel the setting halfway through the procedure After 1: Press again.					
Between 2 and 7: Press after					
Example 3-4: Set a line frequency.					
Operating procedure:	Display				
1 Press					
2 Press LINE F. Causes the current setting of a line frequency to appear on the digital display.	L F G [] Flashing				
<pre>③ Press or . Changes the flashing points to .</pre>	LF 5 D				
4 Press Sets the entered line frequency.	1 Tabii1111g				
To cancel the setting halfway through the pro	ocedure				
After ① or ②: Press again. After ③: Return the set value and press press SHIFT again.	τ, or press and				

4. STARTING OPERATION

4.1 Setting Up Equipment

(1) Setting a Line Frequency

Be sure to set the line frequency of this equipment to the line frequency to be used as follows:

Operating procedure:

- (1) Connect the power cable to this equipment and turn the POWER switch on.
- 2 Press and then LENE . The display block displays the current setting as shown in Figure 4-1. This example indicates that the line frequency is set to 50Hz.
- 3 When or is pressed, the display changes from LF50 to LF60 and the line frequency is set to 60Hz from 50Hz.
- 4) When is pressed again, this equipment enters the measurement mode.

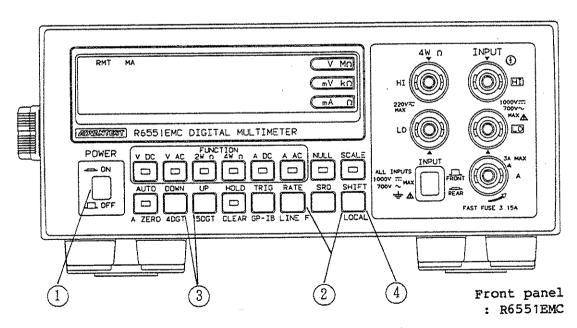


Figure 4 - 1 Line Frequency Setting

4.1 Setting Up Equipment

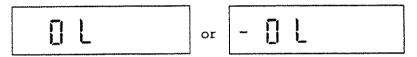
(2)	Turning the Power on and Initialization
	When the POWER switch is turned on, the display presents
	for about 0.4 second. Then the following
	messages appear in succession:
	Message No. 1 (example) (for about one second): Indicates the type number of this equipment.
	6551
	Message No. 2 (for about one second):
	Indicates that the line frequency in use is 50Hz or 60Hz. The line frequency of this equipment must be set to this value.
	or
	LF 60
	Message No. 3 (example) (for about one second): Indicates the address, command group, and
	header setting of the GPIB of this equipment.
	Message No. 4 (for about one second): Indicates the program revision number of
	internal software of this equipment. This example shows revision 1.00.
	Initialization of parameters
ever	parameters of this equipment are retained by the built-in battery though the power is turned off. When the keys , , and are operated continuously, this equipment initializes all the
sett	rings except the GPIB address, command group, and line frequency.

(3) Messages

This equipment displays the following messages in response to, for example, erroneous entering during operation.

(1) Over Range Message

The full scale covered by this equipment is 319999, excluding 100V range for DC voltage measurement, 700V range for AC voltage measurement, and 3A range for AC/DC current measurement. If input exceeding the full scale is applied to this equipment in the manual range setting, the following display appears to indicate excessive input:



Indicates overload (>319999) or Indicates overload (<-319999)</pre>

If the above message appears, raise the measurement range. This message may appear when the input terminal is released in range change or resistance measurement.

2 Error Messages

Error code	Explanation
Err 1	 Error in the Ext Cal mode Calibration data falling out of the specified range This message is displayed for about one second.
Err 3	Error set via GPIBThis message is displayed for about one second.
Err 6	- Hardware fault
Err30	- Error in ROM (checksum error)
Err40	- RAM read/write error
ErrCA	- Calibration data error in backup RAM (checksum error)

^{*} If Err6, Err30, Err40, or ErrCA occurs, contact your local ADVANTEST office or agent.

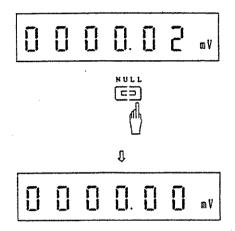
4.2 NULL Operation

4.2 NULL Operation

NULL operation is the digital offset function to subtract a predetermined value from a measured value. This operation is executed for relative voltage or current measurement from a certain value or correction of the resistance of a lead wire in resistance measurement.

For a null constant, the first measured value after is pressed is set as an offset constant. When the value is 0.02mV, for example, 0000.00mV appears on the display. The subsequent measured values are displayed after being subtracted by 0.02mV each.

The overload message in NULL operation is displayed not only in the result of measurement but also when the operation results in overrange. Note that while the auto range is used, the optimum range is selected depending on the result of measurement (data before NULL operation).



		ıg [to pr									To entarily.
When	NULL	, ke	у ор	erat.	ion e	ends,	the	equip	pment	: dis	plays	5		O	 (or
וו	<u> </u>	O	F	F	and	turns	the	NULI	L lam	np on	(or	off)	•		

4.3 SCALE Operation

4.3 SCALE Operation

SCALE operation is the function to obtain the percentage between certain set values (Mscale) and (Min).

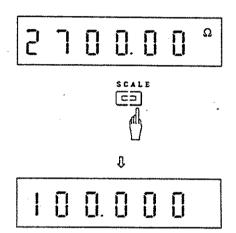
For the scale set value, the first measured value after is pressed is set as the 100% value.

When the value measured after scaling is 2700.00Ω , for example, 100.000 is displayed. Subsequently, the measured value to 2700.00Ω is displayed in percentage.

R=M_{IN}/M_{SCALE} x 100%

R : Displayed value M_{IN} : Measure value

 M_{SCALE} : Scale set value



When using [=], be sure to press the key for one second or more. To prevent malfunction, this key does not work when pressed only momentarily.

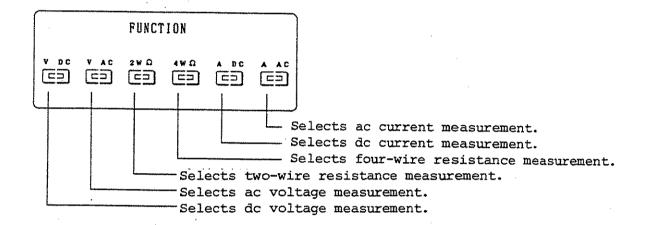
The LED of the unit of a set value under scaling lights.

1.	. 4	Selec	tion	of	Measu	ring	Funct:	ions

4.4 Selection of Measuring Functions

(1) Selecting an Ordinary Measuring Function

The following keys select their respective measuring functions:



(2) Inhibiting Unnecessary Measuring Functions

While a measuring function is selected by entering the corresponding key, this inhibition disables the other keys to be entered even though they are pressed. The following procedure selects the required measuring function using this inhibition:

- 1) Press the power switch with ____ depressed, then this equipment displays SELection to enter the measuring function selection mode.
- 2 The function specified by the key whose LED is lit is available. Press one of the measuring function selection keys to select the function that you want to execute, then the LED in the pressed key goes on. When the key is pressed again, the LED goes out.
- 3 When is pressed again, this equipment enter the normal operation mode, allowing only the function selected in 2 to be changed.

	NOTE -
If six LEDs indicating measuring equipment will not enter the nor	functions are all turned off in ②, this mal operation mode even though
is pressed.	

4.4 Selection of Measuring Functions

4	To cancel the inhibition to enable every measuring function to be selected, turn all the LEDs on or execute initialization (by pressing
	SHIFT SHIFT
	Note that the initialization of parameters causes all the setting except the GPIB address, command group, and the line frequency to be initialized.

5.1 Introduction

5. GPIB INTERFACE

5.1 Introduction

The general-purpose interface bus (GPIB) is the interface connection this equipment to the measuring bus complying with the IEEE-488 standard.

This equipment is provided with the GPIB interface as a standard attachement. It allows this equipment to make up a GPIB integrated instrumentation system together with a personal computer.

The system will perform measurement automatically and process data easily. Since the GPIB allows remote programs to control most setting items of the panel switches of this equipment, it can meet wide ranges of applications.

5.2 Specifications

Governing specification: IEEE standard 488-1978

Available code : ASCII code

Connector pin assignment:

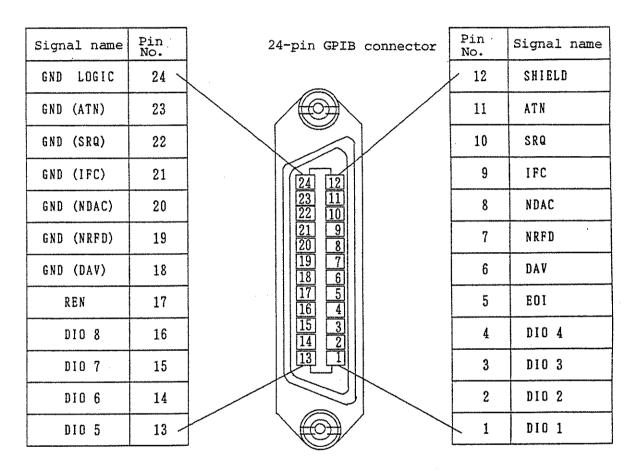


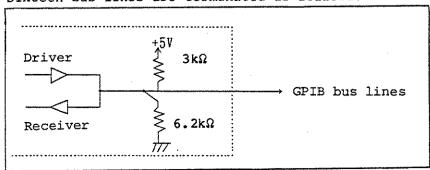
Figure 5 - 1 GPIB Connector Pin Assignment

Logical level: Logic 0 (high state); +2.4V or more

Logic 1 (low level); +0.4V or less

Termination of signal conductors:

Sixteen bus lines are terminated as follows:



5.2 Specifications

Driver

: Tristate system

Low-state output voltage; +0.4V or less, 48mA High-state output voltage; +2.4V or more, -5.2mA

Receiver

: Low state at +0.6V or less

High state at +2.0V or more

Bus cable length:

The length of each bus cable must not exceed: (the number of devices connected to the bus) x 2m. The total length

of all bus cables must be less than 20m.

Addressing

: GPIB address assignement on the front panel allows 31 different talker and listener addresses to be selected.

Interface function:

See Table 5-1.

Table 5 - 1 Interface Functions

Code	Description
SH1	Source handshake function
AH1	Acceptor handshake function
Т5	Basic talker function, Talk-only mode, Serial poll function, Listener-specified talker cancel function
L4	Basic listener function, Talker-specified listener cancel function
SR1	Service request function
RL1	Remote/local control select function
PP0	No parallel poll function
DC1	Device clear function (SDC and DCL commands are available.)
DT1	Device trigger function (GET command is available.)
C0	No controller function
E2	Tristate output

5.3 Interconnecting GPIB System Components

5.3 Interconnecting GPIB System Components

The GPIB system consists of two or more components. Connect the components, paying attention to the following points:

- (1) Check the states (preparatory settings) and operations of the system components according to the operation manuals of this equipment, controller, and peripheral devices.
- (2) Minimize the length of the cable connecting the device and the bus cables connecting the controller and other components. The total cable length must not exceed 20m. ADVANTEST is ready to supply the following bus cables:

Table 5 - 2 Standard Bus Cables

Length	Name
0.5m	408JE-1P5
1 m	408JE-101
2m	408JE-102
. 4m	408JE-104

(3) The bus cable connector is a piggyback type, and allow two bus cable connectors to be connected in parallel, on top of each other. Do not use three or more piled connectors together.

Fasten connectors securely with connector screws.

(4) Check power requirements, grounding conditions, and, if required, setting conditions of the system components. Then, turn on these components. All the components connected to the bus must be powered; otherwise, the entire system operation is not guaranteed.

5.4 Address Setting and Header ON/OFF Selection

Keys on the front panel allow GPIB talker and listener addresses to be set and the header ON or OFF to be selected. Any of 31 different addresses in Table 5-3 can be set using the corresponding decimal code from the panel. The header ON/OFF can be selected via the external controller.

Table 5 - 3 Address Codes

Addı	ress	
Lowest two digits		code
(Decimal code)	Listen- er	Talker
0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25	SP	A B C D E F G H I J K L M N O P Q R S T U V W X
25 26 27 28 29 30	9 : < = >	Y 2 [\] ~

5.4 Address Setting and Header ON/OFF Selection

1	Press and $\frac{1}{GP-IB}$. Then the initial setting appears as below, and the address setting digits of 10^1 flash.
	0 H R 0 0
	These digits specify the address.
	This digit sets or resets the talk-only mode.
	A: Addressable o: Talk-only mode
	O: Talk-Only mode
	This digit turns the header on or off.
	H: Header on
	_: Header off (Underbar)
	This digit specifies a command group.
	0: Command group 0 (Original commands of ADVANTEST)
	1: Command group 1 (Commands referenced to 8840A by John Fluke)
	2: Command group 2 (Commands referenced to 3478A by HP)
	(See figure 5-7.)
2	Pressing changes the flashing digit. When or are pressed, the setting of the current digit changes. To set the address, use the lowest two digits.
	- Setting the address to 31 or more results in an error.
	- The talk-only mode allows data to be output directly to listeners

such as the printer without the controller. In this case, set the

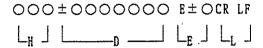
listener into the only mode and suppress the controller from

operating concurrently.

5.5 Talker Specification

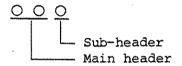
5.5 Talker Specification

5.5.1 Data Format



- H: Header (three-character ASCII code)
- D: Mantissa part (polarity + decimal point + 4 to 6 digit number)
- E: Exponent part (E + polarity + 1 digit number)
- L: Delimiter

(1) Header Types



- NOTE -

When the header is off, it is not displayed.

- (1) Main Header
 - DV: DC voltage measurement
 - AV: AC voltage measurement
 - DI: DC current measurement
 - AI: AC current measurement
 - R: Two-wire/four-wire resistance measurement
- (2) Sub-header
 - O: Overscale data
 - N: Null operation
 - S: Scaling operation
 - _: Data other than above

5.5 Talker Specification

(2) Mantissa and Exponent Parts

The mantissa part of measured data has a variable length of eight, seven, or six bytes selectively when the data is displayed in 5 1/2, 4 1/2, or 3 1/2 digits including the polarity and decimal point. The mantissa part is displayed with the decimal point placed at the same position in the same number of digits as displayed on this equipment. For the data polarity, _ is output when the NULL function is off in AC voltage or current measurement, otherwise, either + or - is output.

The exponent part of measured data consists of three bytes, which is determined by the current measuring function and range so that all items of measured data are represented in basic unit $(V, A, \text{ or } \Omega)$.

Table 5-4 shows data in mantissa and exponent parts in each measurement conditions in 1/2 digit display.

Table 5 - 4 Data in Mantissa and Exponent Parts (in 5 1/2-digit Display)

Function	Range	Mantissa part	Exponent part
DC voltage	300mV	±ddd.ddd	E - 3
	3000mV	±dddd.dd	E - 3
	30 V	±dd.dddd	E + 0
	300 V	±ddd.ddd	E + 0
	1000 V	±dddd.dd	E + 0
AC voltage	300mV	ddd.ddd	E - 3
	3000mV	dddd.dd	E - 3
	30 V	dd.dddd	E + 0
	300 V	ddd.ddd	E + 0
	700 V	dddd.dd	E + 0
DC current	300mA	±ddd.ddd	E - 3
	3000mA	±dddd.dd	E - 3
AC current	300mA	ddd.ddd	E - 3
	3000mA	dddd.dd	E - 3
Two-wire/four-wire	300 Ω	±ddd.ddd	E + 0
resistance	3000 Ω	±dddd.dd	E + 0
	30kΩ	±dd.dddd	E + 3
	300kΩ	±ddd.ddd	E + 3
	3000kΩ	±dddd.dd	E + 3
	30ΜΩ	±dd.dddd	E + 6
	300MΩ	±ddd.dd	E + 6
Overscale or computat	ion error	±9999.99	E + 9

d: Digit between 0 to 9

Note: Data in the mantissa part is data during measurement in 5 1/2 digits. The lowest one digit is not output during measurement in 4 1/2 digits. The lowest two digits are not output during measurement in 3 1/2 digits.

5.5 Talker Specification

(3) Delimiter

A delimiter is output to indicate the end of a single data item.

Any one of the following three different delimiters can be selected using program codes. The delimiter in (1) is set by initialization.

- 1) Two-byte data of CR (15₈) and LF (12₈). When LF is output, a single line message EOI is also output.
- (2) One-byte data of LF
- (3) EOI which is output together with the last byte of data

5.5.2 Output Format

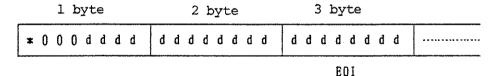
The output format is given below:

Measured/ computed data	puted CR LF comp		Measured/ computed data	CR	LF	
	•	EOI			EOI	

5.5.3 Binary Output Format

The GPIB command H2 enables binary output.

Binary data format (in three bytes):



*: Sign (0: +, 1: -)

0 = 0

d: Data (0 or 1)

NOTE

In H2 setting with display off, the delimiter is only EOI, and BCD parallel output is not executed.

5.6 Listener Specification

This equipment allows the external controller to set the measuring conditions. Table 5-5 lists program codes (in command group 0).

To detect a delimiter, use "LF" (12s) or "EOI".

Table 5 - 5 Program Codes (1 of 3)

Item	Code		Function								
Measuring	F1	DC volta	DC voltage measurement								
function	F2	AC volta	ge measur	ement							
	F3	Two-wire	resistar	ce measureme	nt	-					
	F4	Four-wir	e resista	nce measurem	ent						
	F5	DC curre	nt measur	ement							
	F6	AC curre	nt measur	ement							
		DC voltage	AC voltage	Resistance	DC current	AC current					
Measuring	R0	AUTO	AUTO	AUTO	AUTO	AUTO	0				
range	R3	300mV	300mV	300Ω							
	R4	3000mV	3000mV	3000Ω							
	R5	30V	30V	30 k Ω							
	R6	300V	300V	300kΩ	300mA	300mA					
	R7	1000V	700V	3000kΩ	3000mA	3000mA					
	R8			30 M Ω							
	R9			300мΩ							
	RX		Changes measuring range from auto range to manual range.								
Sampling	м0	Free run	Free run								
mode	м1	Hold									
Trigger	E	function	Measurement start instruction (having the function equivalent to the TRIG switch on the panel) Equivalent to the GET command								
Sampling	PR1	FAST									
rate	PR2	MID									
	PR3	SLOW					0				

Table 5 - 5 Program Codes (2 of 3)

Item	Code	Function	Initial value			
Number of	RE3	Display in 3 1/2 digits				
displayed	RE4	Display in 4 1/2 digits				
digits	RE5	Display in 5 1/2 digits	0			
NULL						
	NL1	ON	-			
Scaling	sco	OFF	0			
	SC1	ON				
Filter	FL0	Turns the filter on at ACV FAST. (Measuring frequency range: 300Hz to 300kHz)	0			
	FL1	Turns the filter off at ACV FAST. (Measuring frequency range: 50Hz to 300kHz)				
Auto zero	AZ0	OFF				
calibra- tion	AZ1	ON	0			
01011	AZ2	Turns off auto-zero calibration after executing it once.				
Header ON/OFF	Н0	Turns the header off and selects the ASCII format.				
	H1 .	Turns the header on and selects the ASCII format.	o			
	Н2	Turns the header off and selects the binary format.				
Delimiter	DL0	Outputs CR/LF as a delimiter and EOI.	0			
mode	DL1	Outputs LF as a delimiter.				
	DL2	Outputs EOI as a delimiter.				
SRQ	s0	Enables SRQ to be transmitted.				
truns- mission mode	S1	Disables SRQ to be transmitted.	0			
Display ON/OFF	DS0	Turns display off (not to display measured data).				
,	DS1	Turns display on (to display measured data).	0			
Calibra- tion value input	PCdddddd	dddddd: Number of up to six digits including no decimal point or polarity (Available only when the CAL ON key is on)				

Table 5 - 5 Program Codes (3 of 3)

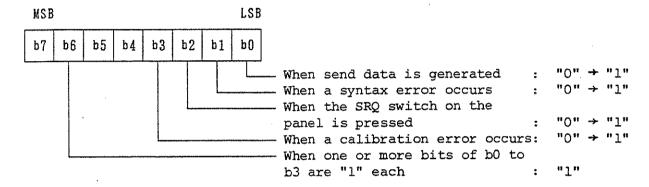
Item	Code	Function	Initial value
Initiali- zation	С	Initializes all the settings as if the power supply is turned on. Equivalent to DCL and SDC commands	
	Z	Initializes each parameter. (Has the function equivalent to initialization [
Reading of settings	00?	Specify the code to be read out, which is indicated in 00.	

Notes on setting commands:

- (1) Up to 40 characters (excluding block delimiters) can be set at a time.
- (2) A syntax error occurs if an undefined code is specified.
- (3) Ignore spaces before numeric values.

5.7 Service Request (SRQ)

On reception of a measurement end signal or undefined code, this equipment when set in the SO mode issues a service request (SRQ) to the controller. On reception of the SPE command serial-polled from the controller after issuing the service request, this equipment sends the following status byte. In the S1 mode, it does not send the service request but the status byte.



(1) Service Request Mode on Completion of Measurement

If this equipment is not addressed to talk when measurement ends, it issues a service request. When this equipment is serially polled, it sends the status byte shown below. The status byte is held until this equipment is addressed to talk, to transmit measured data.

MS	В]	LSB		
0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	ASCII code : Decimal code:	A 65

(2) Service Request Resulting from a Syntax Error

When receiving an undefined program code during remote programming, this equipment issues a service request. The status byte shown below is held until this equipment is addressed to listen, to enable remote setting.

MSB								LSB		
	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	ASCII code : Decimal code:	В 66

5.7 Service Request (SRQ)

(3) When the SRQ key is pressed on the front panel, this equipment issues a service request. The following status byte is held until this equipment is serially polled.

MSB				LSB		
0 1	0 0	0	1	0 0	ASCII code : Decimal code:	D 68

(4) If data under calibration by the command PC dddddd or HF dddddd is outside the specified range, this equipment issues a service request.

MSB					LSB		
0 1	0	0	1	0	0 1	ASCII code : Decimal code:	_

- (5) This equipment changes its state when turned on and receiving each command as follows:
- 1) When turned on or receiving commands, this equipment enters the states shown in Table 5-6.
- 2 If the ATN request interrupts message transfer between devices, this equipment clears the current state to give priority to the ATN.

5.7 Service Request (SRQ)

Table 5 - 6 State Changes Caused by Commands

Command	Talker (MA)	Listener (MA)	SRQ	Status	Transmit data
POWER ON	Cleared	Cleared	Cleared	Cleared	Cleared
IFC	Cleared	Cleared			
DCL, SDC, or C			Cleared	Cleared	Cleared
GET or E				Transmit data indicator bit is cleared.	Cleared
R6551/R6551EMC addressed to talk	Set	Cleared			
Talker unaddressing instruction	Cleared				
R6551/R6551EMC addressed to listen	Cleared	Set		***********	***************************************
Listener unaddressing instruction	-	Cleared			-
Serial polling			Cleared	Bit of SRQ switch calibra- tion error is cleared.	

Note: A hyphen (-) indicates that the current state is retained.

DCL: Device Clear SDC: Selected Device Clear GET: Group Execute Trigger

5.8 Command Codes

Table 5-7 lists command codes. (See \bigcirc in Section 5.4.)

Table 5 - 7 Command Codes (1 of 3)

Function	Range	Comma group		Comm grou		ļ	mand up 2
DC current	AUTO 300mV 3000mV 30 V 300 V 1000 V		R0 R3 R4 R5 R6 R7	F1	R0 R1 R2 R3 R4 R5	F1	RA R-1 R0 R1 R2 R3
AC current	AUTO 300mV 3000mV 30 V 300 V 700 V		R0 R3 R4 R5 R6 R7	F2	R0 R1 R2 R3 R4 R5	F2	RA R-1 R0 R1 R2 R3
Two-wire resistance	AUTO 300 Ω 3000 Ω 30kΩ 300kΩ 3000kΩ 3000Ω 3000Ω	F3	R0 R3 R4 R5 R6 R7 R8 R9	F3	R0 R1 R2 R3 R4 R5 R6	F3	RA R2 R3 R4 R5 R6 R7 R8
Four-wire resistance	AUTO 300 Ω 3000 Ω 30kΩ 300kΩ 3000kΩ 3000kΩ 300MΩ	F4	R0 R3 R4 R5 R6 R7 R8 R9	F4	R0 R1 R2 R3 R4 R5 R6 R7	F4	RA R2 R3 R4 R5 R6 R7 R8
DC current	AUTO 300mA 3000mA	F5	R0 R6 R7	F5	R0 R1 R2	F5	RA R-1 R0
AC current	AUTO 300mA 3000mA	F6	R0 R6 R7	F6	R0 R1 R2	F6	RA R-1 R0

Table 5 - 7 Command Codes (2 of 3)

Function	Range	Command group 0	Command group 1	Command group 2
Sampling mode	Free run	м0	T0	T1
	Hold	м1	T3	T2
Trigger		E, "GET"	?, "GET"	T3, "GET"
Sampling rate	FAST	PR1	S2	PR1
	MID	PR2	S1	PR2
	SLOW	PR3	S0	PR3
Number of displayed digits	3 1/2 digits	RE3	RE3	n3
	4 1/2 digits	RE4	RE4	n4
	5 1/2 digits	RE5	RE5	n5
Range setting	Change to manual range from auto range	RX	RX	RX
Null	OFF.	NLO	B0	NLO
	ON	NL1	B1	NL1
Scaling	OFF	SC0	SC0	SC0
	ON	SC1	SC1	SC1
Filter at ACV FAST	OFF	FLO	FLO	FL0
	ON	FL1	FL1	FL1
Auto zero calibration	OFF ON Truns auto zero calibration after executing it once.	AZ 0 AZ 1 AZ 2	AZO AZ1 AZ2	20 21 22
Header ON/OFF (data format)	OFF (ASCII)	H0	H0	H0
	ON (ASCII)	H1	H1	H1
	OFF (BINARY)	H2	H2	H2
Delimiter mode	CR/LF, EOI	DL0	W0	DL0
	LF	DL1	W5	DL1
	EOI	DL2	W6	DL2
SRQ transmit mode	Enables transmission. Disables transmission.	S0 S1	SR0 SR1	S0 S1
Display ON/OFF	OFF	DS0	D1	D2, D3
	ON	DS1	D0	D1
Calibration value input		PCdddddd	PCdddddd	PCdddddd

5.8 Command Codes

Table 5 - 7 Command Codes (3 of 3)

Function	Range	Command group 0	Command group 1	Command group 2
Initialization	Power-on operation	С	х0	С
	Parameter initialization	Z	*	*
Reading of settings	When this equipment is addressed to talk after sending a command code added with ?, this equipment generates the set state as data.	003	003	003

5.9 Sample Programs

This section provides sample programs using HP200 manufactured by Hewlett-Packard Co. and PC9801 manufactured by NEC.

Example 5-1: This program externally starts DC voltage measurement in the measuring range 30V in the sampling mode HOLD.

(a) Sample Program Using HP200

10	!
20	!
30	!
40	DIM A\$ (20)
50	R6551=701
60	!
70	CLEAR R6551
80	OUTPUT R6551; "F1. R5. M1"
90	OUTPUT R6551; "PR2. DLO, S1"
100	TRIGGER R6551
110	ENTER R6551;A\$
120	PRINT A\$
130	GOTO 100
140	į ·
150	END

	Description
40	Defines the area of data.
50	Assigns the address of R6551 to
	variable R6551.
70	Initializes the GPIB interfaced
	device.
80	Sets parameters for R6551.
to	F1 Measuring function: VDC
90	R5 Measuring range: 30V
	M1 Sampling mode: HOLD
	PR2 Sampling rate: MID
	DLO Block delimiter: CR LF EOI
	S1 Disables SRQ transmission.
100	Starts R6551 externally.
110	Receives data.
120	Causes this equipment to display
	information.
130	Branches to line number 100.
150	Terminates the program.

5.9 Sample Programs

(b) Sample Program Using PC9801

10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 90 110	ISET IFC ISET REN CMD DELIM=0 WBYTE &H3F, &H5E, &H21, &H4 PRINT @1; "F1, R5, M1" PRINT @1; "PR2, DL0, S1" WBYTE &H3F, &H5E, &H21, &H8 INPUT @1; A\$
100	WBYTE &H3F, &H5E, &H21, &H8
130 140	GOTO 100 END

	Description
40	Clears the interface.
50	Enables remote control.
60	Sets a delimiter CR+LF
70	Celars R6551.
80	Sets parameters for R6551.
to	F1 Measuring function: VDC
90	R5 Measuring range: 30V
	M1 Sampling mode: HOLD
	PR2 Sampling rate; MID
	DLO Block delimiter: CR LF EOI
	S1 Disables SRQ transmission.
100	Starts R6551 externally.
110	Receives data.
120	Causes this equipment to display
	information.
130	Branches to line number 100.
140	Terminates the program.
	- 2

Example 5-2: This program externally sets parameters for measurement, causes this equipment to start the measurement, and reads data using SRQ.

(a) Sample Program Using HP200

10		40	Defines
20		50	Sets th
30	<u>!</u>	30	R6551.
40	DIM A\$ (20)	60	Defines
50			routine
60	ON INTR 7 GOSUB Srq	80	Initial
70	!		device.
80	CLEAR R6551	90	Sets pa
90			F3 M
	OUTPUT R6551; "PR2, DL0, SO"		R5 M
	ENABLE INTR 7;2		M1 S
120		100	PR2
	Wait_f=0		DL0 1
	IF Wait_f=1 THEN 120		SO E
	GOTO $14\overline{0}$	110	Enables
160	<u></u>	120	Starts
	Srq:STATUS 7,1;X	130	Loop of
	S=SPOLL (R6551)	to	interru
	IF S<>65 THEN 230	150	
200	· ·	170	Pools t
	PRINT A\$	to	routine
	Wait_f=1	180	status.
	ENABLE INTR 7;2	190	Branche
240	RETURN		interru
250	!	200	Receive
260	END	210	Causes
		_	informa
		220	Set the

	Description
40	Defines the area of data.
50	Sets the address of R6551 to variable R6551.
60	Defines an interrupt processing routine.
80	Initializes the GPIB interfaced device.
90	Sets parameters for R6551.
	F3 Measuring function: OHM R5 Measuring range: 30kΩ
	M1 Sampling mode: HOLD
100	PR2 Sampling rate: MID DL0 Block delimiter: CR LF EOI
	SO Enables SRQ transmission.
110	Enables interruptions using SRQ
120	Starts R6551 externally.
130	Loop of interruptions and an
to	interrupt wait routine
150	
170	Pools the interrupt processing
to	routine names R6551 to read the
180	status.
190	Branches to line number 230 if
	interruption occurs from non-R6551.
200	Receives data.
210	Causes this equipment to display information.
220	Set the interrupt processing terminate
230	flag (Wait_f). Enables interruptions using SRQ
240	RETURN to the main routine.
260	Terminates the program.

(b) Sample Program Using PC9801

		Des
10	40	Clears the int
20	50	Enables remote
30 .	60	Sets a delimit
40 ISBT IFC	70	Clears the SRQ
50 ISET REN		of PC9801. (7
60 CMD DELIM=0 70 DEF SEG=&H60		segment base a
80 A%=PEEK(&H9F3)	80	Reads the cont
90 A%=A% AND &HBF	90	Makes ANDing (
100 POKE &H9F3, A%		bit).
110 ON SRQ GOSUB 210	100	Writes data to
120 SRQ ON		on the memory.
130 WBYTE &H3F, &H5E, &H21, &H4	110	Specifies the
140 PRINT 61; F3, R5, M1		subroutine.
150 PRINT @1; "PR2, DLO, SO"	120	Enables SRQ re
160 SRQ ON	130	Clears R6551.
170 WBYTE &H3F, &H5E, &H21, &H8	140	Sets parameter
180 WAIT. F=0		F3 Measurin
190 IF WAIT, F=1 THEN 170		R5 Measurin
200 GOTO 190		M1 Sampling
210 POLL 1, S	150	PR2 Samplin
220 IF S<>65 THEN 260		DLO Block o
230 INPUT @1;A\$		SO Enables
240 PRINT; A\$	160	·
250 WAIT.F=1	170	1
260 SRQ ON	180	, -
270 RETURN	190	Branches to li
280 END	200	(WAIT.F) is 1.
	200	Branches to li
,	210	Executes serial Branches to li
·	220	interruption of
	220	Receives data.
	230	Į.

	Description
40	Clears the interface.
50	Enables remote control.
60	Sets a delimiter CR+LF
70	Clears the SRQ signal inside the GPIB
	of PC9801. (70-100) Declares a
	segment base address.
80	Reads the contents of addresses.
90	Makes ANDing (to clear the interrupt
	bit).
100	Writes data to the specified address
ļ	on the memory.
110	Specifies the head address of the SRQ
***************************************	subroutine.
120	Enables SRQ reception.
130	Clears R6551.
140	Sets parameters for R6551.
	F3 Measuring function: OHM
	R5 Measuring range: 300kΩ
	M1 Sampling mode: HOLD
150	PR2 Sampling rate: MID
	DLO Block delimiter: CR LF EOI
1.50	SO Enables SRQ transmission.
160 170	Enables SRQ reception.
	Starts R6551 externally.
190	Assigns 0 to flag (WAIT.F). Branches to line number 170 if flag
730	(WAIT.F) is 1.
200	Branches to line number 190.
210	Executes serial polling.
220	Branches to line number 260 when
220	interruption occurs from non-R6551.
230	Receives data.
240	Causes this equipment to display
	information.
250	Assigns 1 to flag (WAIT.F).
	Enables SRQ reception.
270	RETURN
280	Terminates the program.
	" "

Example 5-3: This program receives measured values in the binary format.

(a) Sample Program Using HP200

10 ! 20 R6551=701 30 ! 40 CLEAR R6551 50 OUTPUT R6551; "F1, R4, M1, PR1, H2" 60 ! 70 TRIGGER R6551 80 ENTER R6551 USING "B, W"; Data1, Data2 90 ! 100 Sign=0 110 IF Data1>=128 THEN 120 Sign=1 130 Data1=Data1-128 140 END IF 150 IF Data2<0 THEN Data2=Data2+65536 160 Data3=Data1*65536+Data2 170 IF Sing=1 THEN Data3=(-Data3) 180 Data3=Data3*10(-5) 190 PRINT Data3 200 GOTO 70 210 !		
30	10	!
CLEAR R6551 COUTPUT R6551: "F1. R4, M1. PR1. H2" COUTPUT R6551: "F1.	20	R6551=701
00 OUTPUT R6551; F1, R4, M1, PR1. H2" 70 TRIGGER R6551 80 ENTER R6551 USING B, W"; Data1. Data2 90 ! 100 Sign=0 110 IF Data1>=128 THEN 120 Sign=1 130 Data1=Data1-128 140 END IF 150 IF Data2<0 THEN Data2=Data2+65536 160 Data3=Data1*65536+Data2 170 IF Sing=1 THEN Data3=(-Data3) 180 Data3=Data3*10(-5) 190 PRINT Data3 200 GOTO 70 210 !	30	Į.
00 OUTPUT R6551; F1, R4, M1, PR1. H2 70	40	CLEAR R6551
60 ! 70 TRIGGER R6551 80 ENTER R6551 USING "B, W"; Data1,		- · · ·
70 TRIGGER R6551 80 ENTER R6551 USING "B, W"; Data1,		
80 ENTER R6551 USING "B, W"; Data1, Data2 90 ! 100 Sign=0 110 IF Data1>=128 THEN 120 Sign=1 130 Data1=Data1-128 140 END IF 150 IF Data2<0 THEN Data2=Data2+65536 160 Data3=Data1*65536+Data2 170 IF Sing=1 THEN Data3=(-Data3) 180 Data3=Data3*10(-5) 190 PRINT Data3 200 GOTO 70 210 !		•
Data2 90 ! 100 Sign=0 110 IF Data1>=128 THEN 120 Sign=1 130 Data1=Data1-128 140 END IF 150 IF Data2<0 THEN Data2=Data2+65536 160 Data3=Data1*65536+Data2 170 IF Sing=1 THEN Data3=(-Data3) 180 Data3=Data3*10(-5) 190 PRINT Data3 200 GOTO 70 210 !		
90 ! 100 Sign=0 110 IF Data1>=128 THEN 120 Sign=1 130 Data1=Data1-128 140 END IF 150 IF Data2<0 THEN Data2=Data2+65536 160 Data3=Data1*65536+Data2 170 IF Sing=1 THEN Data3=(-Data3) 180 Data3=Data3*10(-5) 190 PRINT Data3 200 GOTO 70 210 !	00	
100 Sign=0 110 IF Data1>=128 THEN 120 Sign=1 130 Data1=Data1-128 140 END IF 150 IF Data2<0 THEN Data2=Data2+65536 160 Data3=Data1*65536+Data2 170 IF Sing=1 THEN Data3=(-Data3) 180 Data3=Data3*10(-5) 190 PRINT Data3 200 GOTO 70 210 !	0.0	-
110 IF Data1>=128 THEN 120 Sign=1 130 Data1=Data1-128 140 END IF 150 IF Data2<0 THEN Data2=Data2+65536 160 Data3=Data1*65536+Data2 170 IF Sing=1 THEN Data3=(-Data3) 180 Data3=Data3*10(-5) 190 PRINT Data3 200 GOTO 70 210 !		
120 Sign=1 130 Data1=Data1-128 140 END IF 150 IF Data2<0 THEN Data2=Data2+65536 160 Data3=Data1*65536+Data2 170 IF Sing=1 THEN Data3=(-Data3) 180 Data3=Data3*10(-5) 190 PRINT Data3 200 GOTO 70 210 !	100	Sign=0
130 Data1=Data1-128 140 END IF 150 IF Data2<0 THEN Data2=Data2+65536 160 Data3=Data1*65536+Data2 170 IF Sing=1 THEN Data3=(-Data3) 180 Data3=Data3*10(-5) 190 PRINT Data3 200 GOTO 70 210 !	110	IF Data1>=128 THEN
140 END IF 150 IF Data2<0 THEN Data2=Data2+65536 160 Data3=Data1*65536+Data2 170 IF Sing=1 THEN Data3=(-Data3) 180 Data3=Data3*10(-5) 190 PRINT Data3 200 GOTO 70 210 !	120	Sign=1
150 IF Data2<0 THEN Data2=Data2+65536 160 Data3=Data1*65536+Data2 170 IF Sing=1 THEN Data3=(-Data3) 180 Data3=Data3*10(-5) 190 PRINT Data3 200 GOTO 70 210 !	130	Data1=Data1-128
150 IF Data2<0 THEN Data2=Data2+65536 160 Data3=Data1*65536+Data2 170 IF Sing=1 THEN Data3=(-Data3) 180 Data3=Data3*10(-5) 190 PRINT Data3 200 GOTO 70 210 !	140	END IF
160 Data3=Data1*65536+Data2 170 IF Sing=1 THEN Data3=(-Data3) 180 Data3=Data3*10(-5) 190 PRINT Data3 200 GOTO 70 210 !		• •
170 IF Sing=1 THEN Data3=(-Data3) 180 Data3=Data3*10(-5) 190 PRINT Data3 200 GOTO 70 210 !		
180 Data3=Data3*10(-5) 190 PRINT Data3 200 GOTO 70 210 !		
190 PRINT Data3 200 GOTO 70 210 !		
200 GOTO 70 210 !		" ·
210 !		-
 · · · ·	200	GOTO 70
220 FND	210	!
AZU DRU [220	END

	Description
10	
20	Assigns the address of R6551 to variable R6551.
30	•
40	Initializes the GPIB interfaced device.
50	Sets parameters for R6551.
	F1 Measuring function: VDC
	R4 Measuring range: 3V
	M1 Sampling mode: HOLD
	PR1 Sampling rate: FAST
	H2 Measured data output
	format: BINARY
60	Charles DCEE1 avenue 13-
70 80	Starts R6551 externally. Receives the first byte of measured
٥٥	data to Data1 and the second and third
	bytes to Data? and the second and third bytes to Data2. (1 data = three bytes)
90	byces to bacaz. (I data - timee byces)
100	Initializes the sign flag Sing (to 0).
110	Executes lines 120 and 130 if the
, , ,	first byte (data1) is 128 or more.
	Branches to line number 150 if the
	first byte (Data1) is less than 128.
120	Assigns 1 to the sign flag Sing.
130	Sets the sign bit in the first byte
	(Data1) to 0.
140	Ends the IF statement.
150	Converts the value of the second and
	third bytes (Data2) to a positive
	value, if that value is negative
160	(MSB=1). Combines the first byte (Data1) with
100	the second and third bytes (Data2) and
	assigns the combined value to Data3.
170	Converts measured data (Data3) to a
',"	negative value if the sign flag Sign
	is 1.
180	Converts the unit of measured data.
190	Causes this equipment to display
	measured data.
200	Branches to line number 70.
210	
220	Terminates the program.

(b) Sample Program Using PC9801

10	•
20	R6551=5
30	*
40	ISET IFC
50	ISET REN
60	CMD DELIM=0
70	WBYTE &H3F, &H5E, &H25, &H4
180	PRINT @R6551; "F1, R4, M1, PR1, H2"
90	
100	WBYTE &H3F, &H5E, &H25, &H8:
110	WBYTE &H45, &H3E
120	RBYTE ;DATA1
130	RBYTE ;DATA2
140	RBYTE ;DATA3
150	*
	SIGN=0
170	
180	SIGN=0
190	DATA1=DATA1-128
200	DATA4=DATA1*65536+DATA2*256 +DATA3
210	IF SIGN=1 THEN DATA4=(-DATA4)
220	DATA4=DATA4*10 ^ (-5)
230	PRINT DATA4
240	GOTO 100
250	•
260	END

Assigns the address of R6551 to variable R6551. Clears the interface. Enables remote control. Sets the delimiter CR+LF. Sends a select device clear signal to R6551. Sets parameters for R6551. "F1" Measuring function: VDC "R4" Measuring range: 3V range "M1" Sampling mode : HOLD "PR1" Sampling rate : FAST "H2" Measured data output format : BINARY Starts R6551 externally. Addresses R6551 to talk and the controller to listen. Enters the first byte of measured data to DATA1, the second byte to DATA2, and the third to DATA3. Initializes the sign flag sign (to 0). Branches to line number 200 if the first byte (DATA1) is less than 128 (where the sign bit is 0). Executes lines 180 and 190 if the first byte (DATA1) is 128 or more (where the sign bit is 1). Assigns 1 to the sign flag SIGN.
variable R6551. 30 40 Clears the interface. 50 Enables remote control. 60 Sets the delimiter CR+LF. 70 Sends a select device clear signal to R6551. 80 Sets parameters for R6551. "F1" Measuring function: VDC "R4" Measuring range: 3V range "M1" Sampling mode: HOLD "PR1" Sampling rate: FAST "H2" Measured data output format : BINARY 90 100 Starts R6551 externally. 110 Addresses R6551 to talk and the controller to listen. 120 Enters the first byte of measured data to DATA1, the second byte to DATA2, and the third to DATA3. 150 160 Initializes the sign flag sign (to 0). 170 Branches to line number 200 if the first byte (DATA1) is less than 128 (where the sign bit is 0). Executes lines 180 and 190 if the first byte (DATA1) is 128 or more (where the sign bit is 1).
Clears the interface. Enables remote control. Sets the delimiter CR+LF. Sends a select device clear signal to R6551. Sets parameters for R6551. "F1" Measuring function: VDC "R4" Measuring range: 3V range "M1" Sampling mode : HOLD "PR1" Sampling rate : FAST "H2" Measured data output format : BINARY Starts R6551 externally. Addresses R6551 to talk and the controller to listen. Enters the first byte of measured data to DATA1, the second byte to DATA2, and the third to DATA3. Initializes the sign flag sign (to 0). Branches to line number 200 if the first byte (DATA1) is less than 128 (where the sign bit is 0). Executes lines 180 and 190 if the first byte (DATA1) is 128 or more (where the sign bit is 1).
Enables remote control. Sets the delimiter CR+LF. Sends a select device clear signal to R6551. Sets parameters for R6551. "F1" Measuring function: VDC "R4" Measuring range: 3V range "M1" Sampling mode : HOLD "PR1" Sampling rate : FAST "H2" Measured data output format : BINARY 90 100 Starts R6551 externally. Addresses R6551 to talk and the controller to listen. Enters the first byte of measured data to DATA1, the second byte to DATA2, and the third to DATA3. 150 160 Initializes the sign flag sign (to 0). Branches to line number 200 if the first byte (DATA1) is less than 128 (where the sign bit is 0). Executes lines 180 and 190 if the first byte (DATA1) is 128 or more (where the sign bit is 1).
Sets the delimiter CR+LF. Sends a select device clear signal to R6551. Sets parameters for R6551. "F1" Measuring function: VDC "R4" Measuring range: 3V range "M1" Sampling mode : HOLD "PR1" Sampling rate : FAST "H2" Measured data output format : BINARY 90 100 Starts R6551 externally. 110 Addresses R6551 to talk and the controller to listen. Enters the first byte of measured data to DATA1, the second byte to DATA2, and the third to DATA3. 150 160 Initializes the sign flag sign (to 0). Branches to line number 200 if the first byte (DATA1) is less than 128 (where the sign bit is 0). Executes lines 180 and 190 if the first byte (DATA1) is 128 or more (where the sign bit is 1).
Sends a select device clear signal to R6551. Sets parameters for R6551. "F1" Measuring function: VDC "R4" Measuring range: 3V range "M1" Sampling mode: HOLD "PR1" Sampling rate: FAST "H2" Measured data output format : BINARY 90 100 Starts R6551 externally. 110 Addresses R6551 to talk and the controller to listen. 120 Enters the first byte of measured data to DATA1, the second byte to DATA2, and the third to DATA3. 150 160 Initializes the sign flag sign (to 0). 170 Branches to line number 200 if the first byte (DATA1) is less than 128 (where the sign bit is 0). Executes lines 180 and 190 if the first byte (DATA1) is 128 or more (where the sign bit is 1).
R6551. Sets parameters for R6551. "F1" Measuring function: VDC "R4" Measuring range: 3V range "M1" Sampling mode: HOLD "PR1" Sampling rate: FAST "H2" Measured data output format : BINARY 90 100 Starts R6551 externally. 110 Addresses R6551 to talk and the controller to listen. 120 Enters the first byte of measured data to DATA1, the second byte to DATA2, and the third to DATA3. 150 160 Initializes the sign flag sign (to 0). Branches to line number 200 if the first byte (DATA1) is less than 128 (where the sign bit is 0). Executes lines 180 and 190 if the first byte (DATA1) is 128 or more (where the sign bit is 1).
"F1" Measuring function: VDC "R4" Measuring range: 3V range "M1" Sampling mode : HOLD "PR1" Sampling rate : FAST "H2" Measured data output format : BINARY 90 100 Starts R6551 externally. 110 Addresses R6551 to talk and the controller to listen. 120 Enters the first byte of measured data to DATA1, the second byte to DATA2, and the third to DATA3. 150 160 Initializes the sign flag sign (to 0). 170 Branches to line number 200 if the first byte (DATA1) is less than 128 (where the sign bit is 0). Executes lines 180 and 190 if the first byte (DATA1) is 128 or more (where the sign bit is 1).
"R4" Measuring range: 3V range "M1" Sampling mode : HOLD "PR1" Sampling rate : FAST "H2" Measured data output format : BINARY 90 100 Starts R6551 externally. 110 Addresses R6551 to talk and the controller to listen. 120 Enters the first byte of measured data to DATA1, the second byte to DATA2, and the third to DATA3. 150 160 Initializes the sign flag sign (to 0). 170 Branches to line number 200 if the first byte (DATA1) is less than 128 (where the sign bit is 0). Executes lines 180 and 190 if the first byte (DATA1) is 128 or more (where the sign bit is 1).
"M1" Sampling mode : HOLD "PR1" Sampling rate : FAST "H2" Measured data output format : BINARY 90 100 Starts R6551 externally. 110 Addresses R6551 to talk and the controller to listen. 120 Enters the first byte of measured data to DATA1, the second byte to DATA2, and the third to DATA3. 150 160 Initializes the sign flag sign (to 0). 170 Branches to line number 200 if the first byte (DATA1) is less than 128 (where the sign bit is 0). Executes lines 180 and 190 if the first byte (DATA1) is 128 or more (where the sign bit is 1).
"PR1" Sampling rate : FAST "H2" Measured data output format : BINARY 90 100 Starts R6551 externally. Addresses R6551 to talk and the controller to listen. Enters the first byte of measured data to DATA1, the second byte to DATA2, and the third to DATA3. 150 160 Initializes the sign flag sign (to 0). Branches to line number 200 if the first byte (DATA1) is less than 128 (where the sign bit is 0). Executes lines 180 and 190 if the first byte (DATA1) is 128 or more (where the sign bit is 1).
"H2" Measured data output format : BINARY 90 100 Starts R6551 externally. 110 Addresses R6551 to talk and the controller to listen. 120 Enters the first byte of measured data to DATA1, the second byte to DATA2, and the third to DATA3. 150 160 Initializes the sign flag sign (to 0). 170 Branches to line number 200 if the first byte (DATA1) is less than 128 (where the sign bit is 0). Executes lines 180 and 190 if the first byte (DATA1) is 128 or more (where the sign bit is 1).
: BINARY 90 100 Starts R6551 externally. 110 Addresses R6551 to talk and the controller to listen. 120 Enters the first byte of measured data to to DATA1, the second byte to DATA2, and the third to DATA3. 150 160 Initializes the sign flag sign (to 0). 170 Branches to line number 200 if the first byte (DATA1) is less than 128 (where the sign bit is 0). Executes lines 180 and 190 if the first byte (DATA1) is 128 or more (where the sign bit is 1).
90 100 Starts R6551 externally. 110 Addresses R6551 to talk and the controller to listen. 120 Enters the first byte of measured data to DATA1, the second byte to DATA2, and the third to DATA3. 150 160 Initializes the sign flag sign (to 0). 170 Branches to line number 200 if the first byte (DATA1) is less than 128 (where the sign bit is 0). Executes lines 180 and 190 if the first byte (DATA1) is 128 or more (where the sign bit is 1).
Addresses R6551 to talk and the controller to listen. Enters the first byte of measured data to DATA1, the second byte to DATA2, and the third to DATA3. Initializes the sign flag sign (to 0). Branches to line number 200 if the first byte (DATA1) is less than 128 (where the sign bit is 0). Executes lines 180 and 190 if the first byte (DATA1) is 128 or more (where the sign bit is 1).
controller to listen. Enters the first byte of measured data to DATA1, the second byte to DATA2, and the third to DATA3. Initializes the sign flag sign (to 0). Branches to line number 200 if the first byte (DATA1) is less than 128 (where the sign bit is 0). Executes lines 180 and 190 if the first byte (DATA1) is 128 or more (where the sign bit is 1).
Enters the first byte of measured data to DATA1, the second byte to DATA2, and the third to DATA3. 150 160 Initializes the sign flag sign (to 0). Branches to line number 200 if the first byte (DATA1) is less than 128 (where the sign bit is 0). Executes lines 180 and 190 if the first byte (DATA1) is 128 or more (where the sign bit is 1).
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and the third to DATA3. 150 160 Initializes the sign flag sign (to 0). 170 Branches to line number 200 if the first byte (DATA1) is less than 128 (where the sign bit is 0). Executes lines 180 and 190 if the first byte (DATA1) is 128 or more (where the sign bit is 1).
150 160 Initializes the sign flag sign (to 0). 170 Branches to line number 200 if the first byte (DATA1) is less than 128 (where the sign bit is 0). Executes lines 180 and 190 if the first byte (DATA1) is 128 or more (where the sign bit is 1).
170 Branches to line number 200 if the first byte (DATA1) is less than 128 (where the sign bit is 0). Executes lines 180 and 190 if the first byte (DATA1) is 128 or more (where the sign bit is 1).
first byte (DATA1) is less than 128 (where the sign bit is 0). Executes lines 180 and 190 if the first byte (DATA1) is 128 or more (where the sign bit is 1).
(where the sign bit is 0). Executes lines 180 and 190 if the first byte (DATA1) is 128 or more (where the sign bit is 1).
Executes lines 180 and 190 if the first byte (DATA1) is 128 or more (where the sign bit is 1).
first byte (DATA1) is 128 or more (where the sign bit is 1).
(where the sign bit is 1).
180 Assigns 1 to the sign flag SIGN.
190 Sets the sign bit in the first byte
(DATA1) to 0. 200 Combines the first byte (DATA1),
second byte (DATA2), and third byte
(DATA3), and assigns the combined
value to DATA4.
210 Converts measured data (DATA4) to a
negative value if the sign flag SIGN
is 1. 220 Converts the unit of measured data.
230 Causes this equipment to display
measured data.
240 Branches to line number 100.
250
260 Terminates the program.

5.10 Outline Operation Flowchart

Figure 5-2 below is a flowchart of outlined GPIB operations:

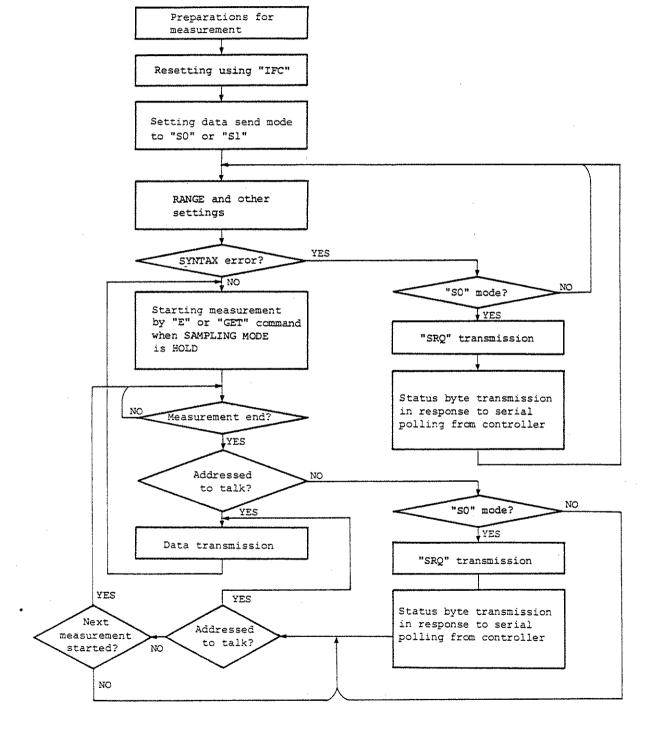


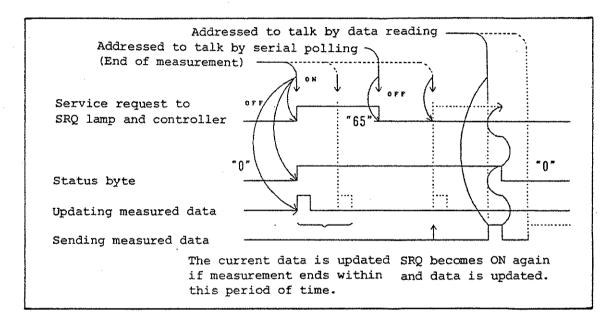
Figure 5 - 2 GPIB Operation Flowchart

5.10.1 Notes on Operations

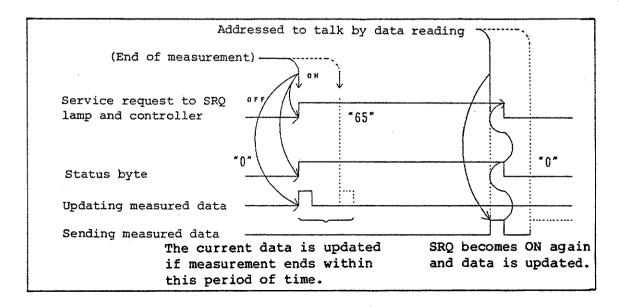
(1) Operation on Occurrence of Service Request

When a service request occurs (in the S0 mode) on completion of measurement or occurrence of a syntax error, this equipment operates as below. Consider the following operation in each case in programming:

(1) Using Serial Polling

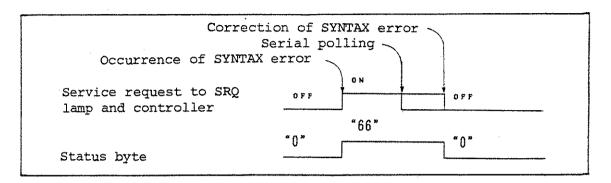


(2) Not Using Serial Polling



5.10 Outline Operation Flowchart

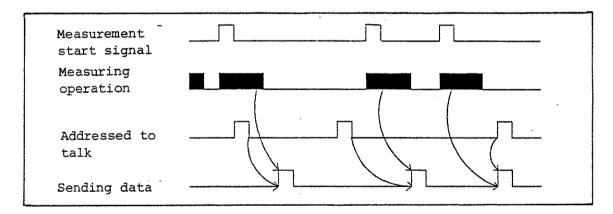
(3) On Occurrence of Syntax Error



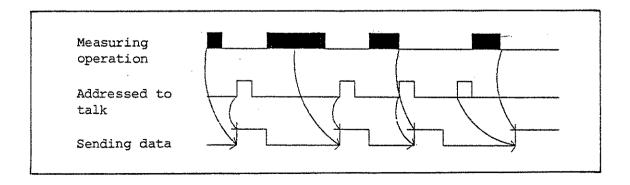
- NOTE -

After a syntax error occurs, SRQ is cleared when this equipment is addressed to listen.

- (2) Difference in sending data depending on the talker addressing timing
 - (1) Starting Measurement by a Program



(2) Free-run Measurement



6.1 Introduction

6. BCD OUTPUT (OPTO1) (R6551 ONLY)

6.1 Introduction

The BCD (binary-coded decimal) data output unit, OPT01, is an option which can be installed in R6551. The output unit outputs the results of measurement to an external digital equipment like a digital recorder after converting them into parallel BCD codes. It also has the external measurement start function. Since the input/output signal system is isolated electrically from the measurement signal system of R6551, measured values are not affected by external equipments.

6.2 Data Output Code and Data Output Connector

6.2 Data Output Code and Data Output Connector

Table 6 - 1 BCD Data Output Codes

<u> </u>		ı	
Output name	Output signal	Cod	le
		8 4	2 1
Data	0	0 0	0 0
	1	0 0	0 1
	2	0 0	1 0
	3	0 0	1 1
	4	0 1	0 0
	5	0 1	0 1
	6		1 0
	7	0 1	1 1
	8	1 0	0 0
	9	1 0	0 1
	Space	1 1	1 1
Decimal point	100	0	0 0
	101	0	0 1
	10 ²	0	1 0
	10 ³ 10 ⁴	0	1 1
	10* 10 ⁵	1	0 0
	102	1	0 1
Function	* (OVER)	0 0	0 0
	+	0 0	1 1
	-	ì	0 1
	Space (AC)	0 0	1 0
Unit	Vm	0 0	0 0
	V	0 0	1 0
	Ω	0 1	0 0
	kΩ	0 1	0 1
	MΩ	1 0	1 1
	mA	1 0	1 0
	Space	1 1	1 1

⁻ The polarity of AC is represented by a space. In NULL or SCALE operation, however, + or - is output to represent the polarity.

⁻ In the FAST mode (for 4 1/2 digit display), the 10^0 th digit is assigned a space.

6.2 Data Output Code and Data Output Connector

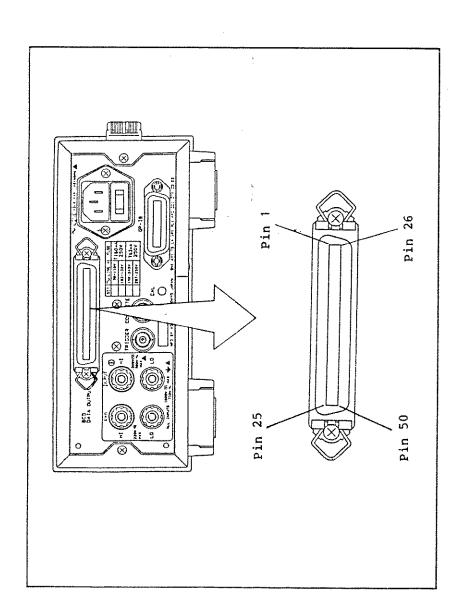


Figure 6 - 1 BCD Output Connector

ent	ni	*	10 ⁶ (HI)			*	10 ⁷ (HI)			Function	_	(HI)*3	(HI)*3	4	FullCrion		4 \$	710		,	Decimal	Forms (" 2)	NT CMD	ST. A		GND
arrangement	C ₄	26 20	27 2		29 2 ³	30 20	31 2	$ 32 2^2$	33 2 ³	34 20	35 2	36 NC	37 NC	38 2	39 2 ³	40 20	41 2	42 2	43 2 ³	44 20	45 2	46 22	47 PRINT	48 EXT	49 NC*	50 SIG.
Pin	Pin	SIG. GND	20)	$2^{1} > 10^{0}$	22	23)	20)	2 \ 101	22	23	20]	2^{1} $\Big $ 10^{2}	22	23]	2^0	2^{1} \downarrow 10 ³	22	2^3	20}	2 104	22	2 ³	20)	2 105	2.5	2 ³]
		-	7	m	4	'n	0	٢	ထ	6	10		12	13		15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25

- *1: The terminal NC of pin No. 49 is an empty terminal; however, never use it as a relay terminal.
 - *2: Decimal point codes are used as follows: 10° 10° 10° 10° 10° 10° 10° 10° 10° 10°
- *3: Pins No. 26 to 33, 36, and 37 are pulled up at 10 kM.

6.3 Operating Procedures

6.3 Operating Procedures

- 6.3.1 Connection to Digital Recorder
 - 1) Use a digital recorder TR6198.
 - ② Connect the connection cable attached to TR6198 to the DATA OUTPUT connector. (Before connecting the cable, turn both R6551 and TR6198 off.)
 - ③ Operate the digital recorder according to the operating procedure of TR6198.
- 6.3.2 Connection to Equipment Other than Digital Recorder

Pay attention to the following points in data transfer to equipment other than TR6198.

- ① Check the input level of the device to which the data output unit is connected. R6551 has the following output circuit. (See Figure 6-2.)
 - Data, function, decimal point, print instruction signal
 - Unit output (Pins No. 40 to 43)
 - HI level pins except for the above
- ② Output data is output at the same timing as a print instruction signal. For sending data to external equipments, use the print instruction signal as a strobe signal.

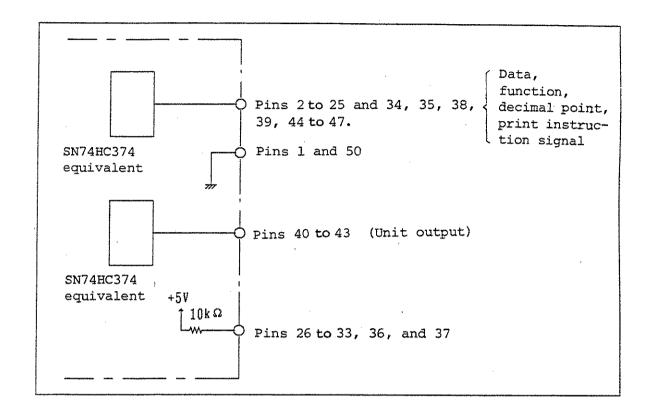
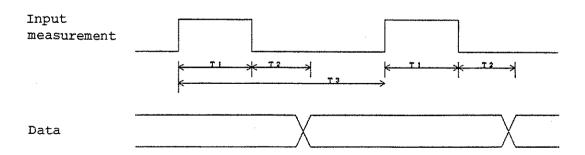


Figure 6 - 2 Output Circuit of BCD Output Unit

6.3.3 Measuring Timing

This section shows the measuring timing when R6551 is used as an instrumentation system using the BCD data output unit OPT01.

(1) In the Free-run Sampling Mode

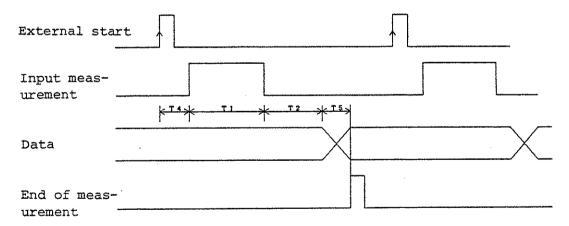


6.3 Operating Procedures

			A ZERO OFF			A ZERO ON				
Rate	T1	T2			т3	Т2			Т3	
Low speed S		100ms	6	to	8ms	167ms	173ms	to	175ms	333ms
Middle speed M	50Hz	20ms	_		8ms	50ms	F6	+~	58ms .	100ms
_	60Hz	16.667ms	0	to	oms	JUINS	Johns			TOOMS
High speed F		2ms	5	to	7ms	10ms	15ms	to	17ms	20ms

- T1: Input signal integration time
- T2: Time from the end of integration to data occurrence
- T3: Sampling frequency
- The sampling rate for AC voltage and current measurement is not set to High speed F.
- Setting of A ZERO (auto zero) OFF for four-wire resistance measurement is treated as A ZERO ON.

(2) In the Sampling Hold Mode



- Time T4 from external start to the end of measurement is within $800\mu s$ to $1100\mu s$.
- T1 and T2 are the same as in the free-run mode.
- External start during measuring operations (from external start to data output) is possible only once.
- T5 is about 30µs.

6.4 Specifications

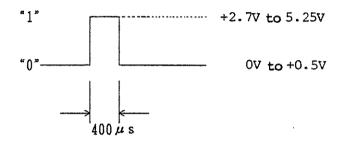
Data output

Output code: BCD (binary-coded decimal) code

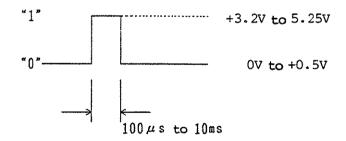
Data types : Measured data, decimal pint, polarity, and unit Signal level: TTL level positive logic 1 -- +2.7V to +5.25V 0 -- 0V to +0.5V

Print instruction signal

PRINT CMD: TTL level positive pulse



External start signal (input signal)
EXT ST.: TTL level positive pulse
Comes on at leading edge.



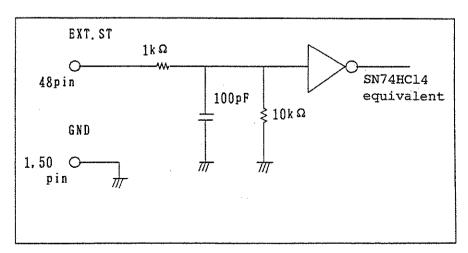


Figure 6 - 3 External Start Input Circuit

7. SPECIFICATION, OPTIONS, AND ACCESSORIES

7.1 Specification

(1) DC Voltage Measurement

Range, maximum indicatable value, resolution, and input impedance

	Max. indicatable	Reso				
Range	value	5 1/2 digits	4 1/2 digits	Input impedance		
300mV	319.999mV	1μV	10µV	1000 M Ω or more		
3000mV	3199.99 mV	10μV,	100µV			
30mV	31.9999V	100µV	1 mV			
300 V	319.999 V	1 mV	10mV	10 MΩ ±1%		
1000 V	1099.99 V	1 0 mV	100mV			

Measurement accuracy (5 1/2 digits, Auto zero ON)

± (of reading + digits)

Range	24 hours (23°C±1°C)**	90 days (23°C±5°C)	1 year (23°C±5°C)
300mV*	0.002% +5	0.006% +7	0.014% +7
3000mV	0.002% +2	0.006% +3	0.012% +3
30 V	0.002% +3	0.007% +6	0.015% +6
300 V	0.002% +2	0.006% +3	0.014% +3
1000 V	0.002% +2	0.006% +3	0.014% +3

^{*} When NULL function is used:

- Sampling rate MID: Add 2 to item "digits".
- Sampling rate FAST: Add 2 to item "digits" for 4 1/2-digit display.

^{**} Relative value to the calibration standard

Temperature coefficient

±(of reading + digits)/OC

Range	Auto zero ON	Auto zero OFF
300mV	0.0005% +1.6	0.0005% +13
3000mV	0.0005% +0.2	0.0005% +1.3
30 V	0.0006% +1.0	0.0006% +13
300 V	0.0005% +0.1	0.0005% +4
1000 V	0.0005% +0.1	0.0005% +1.2

At a working temperature within 0°C to $+10^{\circ}\text{C}$, add 0.0005% of reading/ $^{\circ}\text{C}$.

Maximum applicable voltage

Between HI and LO: 300mV, 3000mV range

400V (DC or AC peak) continuous 1100V (DC or AC peak) for 10 seconds 30V, 300V, 1000V range

1100V (DC or AC peak) continuous

Between input LO terminal and chassis: 1000V (DC or AC peak) 700V rms AC continuous

Noise elimination ratio

Sampling rate	Effective CMR (unbalanced impeof 1 $k\Omega$	NMR 50Hz/60Hz ±0.09%	
	50Hz/60Hz ±0.09%	DC	
S, M	120dB	130dB	60dB
F	60dB	130dB	Bb0

(2) AC voltage measurement (True mrs value)

D	Max. indicatable	Reso		
Range	value	5 1/2 digits	4 1/2 digits	Input impedance
300mV 3000mV 30 V 300 V 700 V	319.999mV 3199.99mV 31.9999 V 319.999 V 709.99 V	1μV 10μV 100μV 1mV 10mV	10µV 100µV 1mV 10mV 100mV	1MΩ ±2% 100 PF or less

Measurement accuracy (5 1/2 digits for 1 year at 23°C ±5°C)

±(of reading+digits)

				Range								
Freque	ncy	range	3(OmV	30	00mV		30V		30 0V	700	v
20Hz 45Hz	to	45Hz 100Hz	0.4%	+160 +160	0.4%	+120 +120	0.4%	+120 +120	0.4%	+160 +160	1.1%	+160
100Hz 50kHz		50kHz 100kHz	0.28%	+160 +660	0.28%	+160 +660	0.28%	+160 +660		+160 +660	0.5% Less	
100kHz	to	300kHz	3%	+1200	3%	+1200	5%	+1200				

- Guaranteed at input of 15000 indication or more
- Guaranteed at 300Hz or more at the sampling rate M or F

Measuring method

: True rms measurement, AC coupling

Temperature coefficient

: (1/10 of measurement accuracy)/OC for each voltage range, within each frequency

range

Response time

: Within 3 (at S) or 0.5 (at M and F) sec to reach measurement accuracy in a fixed

range

Crest factor

3:1 in full scale measurement

Maximum applicable voltage: Between HI and LO 300mV to 700V range;

710V (DC or AC rms) continuous 1000V (AC peak), 10⁷V·Hz or less

(3) Resistance Measurement

Measurement method: Using a four-wire or two-wire conductor Range, maximum indicatable value, resolution, and input measured current.

	Max. indica-	Reso		
Range	table value	5 1/2 digits	4 1/2 digits	Measured current
300 Ω	319.999 Ω	1 mΩ	10mΩ	1 mA
3000 Ω	3199.99 Ω	10mΩ	100πΩ	1mA
30kΩ	31.9999kΩ	100mΩ	1 Ω	100µA
300kΩ	319.999kΩ	1 Ω	10 Ω	10µA
3000kΩ	3199.99kΩ	10 Ω	100 Ω	1µA
30 M Ω	31.9999MΩ	100 Ω	1 kΩ	100nA
30'0ΜΩ	319.99 MΩ	(10kΩ)	10kΩ	10nA

Measurement accuracy (5 1/2 digits, Auto zero ON *)
±(of reading + digits)

Range	24 hours**	90 days	1 year
	(23°C±1°C)	(23 [°] C±5 [°] C)	(23 [°] C±5 [°] C)
300 Ω 3000 Ω 30kΩ 300kΩ 3000kΩ 30MΩ 300MΩ	0.002% +5 0.002% +3 0.002% +3 0.002% +3 0.007% +14 0.06% +14	0.008% +11 0.007% +3 0.007% +3 0.009% +3 0.03% +19 0.18% +19	0.015% +11 0.012% +3 0.013% +3 0.014% +3 0.03% +19 0.2% +19 2% +19

- * When NULL function is used:
 - Sampling rate MID : Add 2 to item "digits".
 - Sampling rate FAST: Add 2 to item "digits" for 4 1/2-digit display.
 - For measurement accuracy for two-wire measurement, add the resistance for the measuring cable and the offset of up to 200 m Ω .
- ** Relative value to the calibration standard

Temperature coefficient

±(of reading+digits)/OC

Auto zero ON	Auto zero OFF
0.0007% +1.6	0.0007% +13
0.0007% +0.2	0.0007% +1.4
0.0007% +0.2	0.0007% +1.4
0.0009% +0.2	0.0009% +1.4
0.003% +1.3	0.003% +1.4
0.03% +1.3	0.03% +1.4
0.3% +1.3	0.3% +1.4
	0.0007% +1.6 0.0007% +0.2 0.0007% +0.2 0.0009% +0.2 0.003% +1.3 0.03% +1.3

For temperature coefficient for two-wire measurement, add the resistance for the measuring cable and the offset of up to 20 m Ω /°C. At a working temperature within 0°C to +10°C, add 0.0005% of reading/°C.

Voltage between open pins : Maximum 6 V

Maximum applicable voltage (Between HI and LO):

220VDC, 310VAC (at the peak) continuous

Response time

: Within 0.5 second to reach measurement accuracy in a 3000k Ω , 30M Ω , or fixed range

Within 5 seconds to reach measurement accuracy in a $300M\Omega$ or fixed range

(4) DC Current Measurement

Range, maximum indicatable value, resolution, and inter-terminal resistance

_	Max. indica-	Resol	Inter-terminal	
Range		5 1/2 digits	4 1/2 digits	resistance
300mA	319.999mA	· 1 μA	10μΑ	0.3Ω or less
3000mA	3009.99mA	10µA	100µА	0.3Ω or less

Measurement accuracy (5 1/2 digits, Auto zero ON)

±(of reading + digits)

Range	90 days (23°C±5°C)	1 year (23°C±5°C)
300 mA	0.06% +40	0.13% +40
3000 mA	0.06% +6	0.13% +6

- Sampling rate MID : Add 2 to item "digits".

- Sampling rate FAST: Add 2 to item "digits" for 4 1/2-digit display.

Temperature coefficient : In each range (1/10 of accuracy of

measurement at 23°C ±5°C for

90 days) /OC with auto zero function

on, add $1\mu A/^{\circ}C$.

Maximum applicable current: 3.15A (DC or AC rms) continuous between

current HI and LO terminals

Internal protection by a fast-blow fuse

(5) AC Current Measurement (True rms measurement)

Range, maximum indicatable value, resolution, and inter-terminal resistance

	Max. indica-	Resol	Inter-terminal	
Range		5 1/2 digits	4 1/2 digits	resistance
300mA 3000mA	319.999mA 3009.99mA	1 µА 1 0 µА	10µА 100µА	0.3Ω or less 0.3Ω or less

7.1 Specification

Measurement accuracy (5 1/2 digits, at 23°C±5°C for 1 year) ±(of reading+digits)

	Range		
Frequency range	300mA	3000mA	
20Hz to 45Hz 45Hz to 100Hz	2% +200 0.5% +200	2% +200 0.5% +200	
100Hz to 1kHz	0.4% +200	0.4% +200	

- Guaranteed at input of 15000 indication or more
- Guaranteed at 300Hz or more at the sampling rate MID or FAST

Measuring method

: True rms measurement, AC coupling

Temperature coefficient

: (1/10 of measurement accuracy for each voltage range within each frequency range

Response time

: Within 3 (at SLOW) or 0.5 (at MID and

FAST) sec to reach measurement accuracy

in a fixed range

Crest factor

: 3:1 in full scale measurement

Maximum applicable current (Between HI and LO):

3.15A (DC or AC rms) continuous between

current HI and LO terminals

Internal protection by a fast-blow fuse

(replaceable on the front panel)

(6) Number of measurable digits, measuring speed, and measuring time.

Function	Sampling rate (number of measurable digits)	Measuri A ZERO ON*	ng speed	Input integration time
DC voltage current measurement,	SLOW, low speed (5 1/2 digits)	3 times/ sec	6 times/ sec	100ms
two-wire resistance measurement	MID, middle speed (5 1/2 digits)	10 times/ sec	20 times/ sec	20ms (50Hz) 16.667ms (60Hz)
	FAST, high speed (4 1/2 digit)	50 times/ sec	100 times/ sec	2ms
Four-wire resistance measurement	SLOW, low speed (5 1/2 digits)	3 times/ sec	3 times/ sec	100ms
	MID, middle speed (5 1/2 digits)	10 times/ sec	10 times/ sec	20ms(50Hz) 16.667ms(60Hz)
	FAST, high speed (4 1/2 digits)	50 times/ sec	50 times/ sec	2ms
AC voltage current measurement	SLOW, low speed (5 1/2 digits)	3 times/ sec	6 times/ sec	100ms
	MID, middle speed (5 1/2 digits) FAST, high speed (4 1/2 digits)	10 times/ sec	20 times sec	20ms(50Hz) 16.667ms(60Hz)

- * A zero (auto zero): This function to eliminate offset errors in the analog circuit block of this equipment is turned on or off.
- At the 300 M Ω range for two-wire/four-wire resistance measurement, the measuring speed is 3 times/second and the input integration time is 100ms.

(7) Arithmetic Functions

Null operation : Subtracts the null set value (M $_{\rm NULL}$) which is the value measured when this function is set from each subsequent measured value (M $_{\rm IN}$) and outputs the

numeric value.

 $R = M_{IN} - M_{NULL}$

Scale operation: Computes and outputs the ratio of each measured value ($M_{\rm IN}$) to the scale set value ($M_{\rm SCALL}$: 100%) which is the value measured when this function is

set.

 $R = M_{IN}/M_{SCALE} \times 100$

R6551

DIGITAL MULTIMETER INSTRUCTION MANUAL

7.1 Specification

(8) Input/output Functions

Starts measurement via the BNC connector on Trigger signal input :

the rear panel. TTL level, negative pulse,

trailing edge, pulse width of 5us or more

Outputs a pulse signal on completion of Complete signal output:

sampling measurement to the BNC connector on the rear panel. TTL level, negative pulse,

pulse width of about 5µs

GPIB interface

Governing standard: IEEE-488

Interface functions: SH1, AH2, T5, L4, SR1, RL1, PP0, DC1, DT1, C0,

and E2

Output data format : ASCII

Remote control Turns the power on and off, selects one of the

> input terminals (on front and rear panels), turns CAL (rear panel) on and off, and sets and resets parameters excluding the GPIB address, address mode, and command group.

: Maskable signal issued when measurement ends, SRO signal

an error occurs, or the SRQ key on the front

panel is pressed.

(9) General Specifications

Measuring system: Integration type Input system : Floating method

Range switching: Automatic or manual selection

Automatic range Up level : 320000

Down level: 29999

7-segment green LED to display up to six decimal Data indication:

digits. Polarity to be displayed is only "-".

Overload input indication: OL is displayed to indicate input

exceeding the measuring range.

Unit and function indication: Green LED

Warm-up time : About one hour

Operating environment:

Temperature: 0°C to +50°C : 85% RH max. Humidity

In the $30M\Omega$ or $300M\Omega$ resistance measuring range, an

ambient temperature must be within 0°C to 35°C

and humidity must not exceed 75% RH.

Storage environment:

Temperature: -25°C to +70°C Humidity : 85% RH max.

(Note that data in memory such as measurement parameters and calibration data can be retained for about 10 years if the temperature is kept within

the range from -25° C to $+60^{\circ}$ C.)

Power requirements:90 to 110VAC, 48Hz to 66Hz

7.1 Specification

Power consumption: 13VA or less

Voltage change : The power-supply voltage specified when this

equipment was ordered is set.

Option No.	Standard	32	42	44
Power-supply voltage	90V to 110V	103V to 132V	198V to 242V	207V to 250V

Major dimensions: About 210 (width) x 86 (height) x 350 (depth) mm

Weight

: 3.0kg or less

7.2 Option

OPT01 BCD output unit (R6551 only)

Details of output data (in parallel BCD):

Measured data, decimal point, polarity, unit, and OVER

Print instruction signal output:

TTL level, positive logic, pulse width of about 400µs

External start signal input:

TTL level, positive logic, pulse width of about 100µs to 10ms

Connector: Equivalent to 57-40500 manufactured by Anphenol

7.3 Accessories (Purchased)

A01006: Input cable (Four-wire type for resistance measurement)

TR1111 : Terminal adapter

A02237 : Rack mount kit (JIS)

A02238 : Rack mount kit (JIS, double-type)

A02435 : Rack mount kit (EIA)

A02436 : Rack mount kit (EIA, double-type))

A02028 : Panel mount kit

A02029 : Panel mount kit (double-type)

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8.1 Troubleshooting by User

8. CHECKING AND CALIBRATION

8.1 Troubleshooting by User

If your R6551/R6551EMC causes any trouble during operation, contact your local ADVANTEST office or agent after checking it with Table 8-1. Be sure to carefully check this equipment referring to the table and other sections of this instruction manual before requesting repair. You will be charged for any repairs including those covered by Table 8-1 below made by ADVANTEST or its representatives even if they are minor.

Table 8 - 1 Check Items

Condition	Possible cause	Corrective action		
Display block does not go on.	Power fuse is blown.	Replace it with the attached spare.		
Measurement is unstable, or abnormal values appear.	- Function or range setting error - Line frequency 50/60Hz setting error	- Check the function and range settings Set the value to the AC line frequency in use. (See (3) in Section 2.1.)		
Applied input signal is not measured.	Input cable is connected to incorrect input terminal.Erroneous key setting to input terminal	- Connect the input cable to the correct input terminal Set keys correctly.		

8.2 Calibration

8.2 Calibration

This section describes how to calibrate your R6551/R6551EMC. To maintain the measurement accuracy, calibrate this equipment at least once in the guarantee period (one year).

This equipment can be calibrated for measurement of DC and AC voltage and current in each range using keys on the front panel and GPIB programs.

8.2.1 Preparation

(1) Power Supply

The power supply of this equipment must fall within the range (90V to 110V, 103V to 132V, 198V to 242V, 207V to 250V) specified on the front panel. The line frequency must be 50 or 60Hz.

(2) Environment

Calibrate this equipment in the following environment in a place without dust, vibration, and noise:

Temperature: +230C ±30C Humidity : 85% or less

(3) Warm-up

Warm up this equipment for an hour or more before starting calibration. Warm up each standard equipment for calibration for the specified period of time, too.

(4) Equipments for Calibration

Equipment to be used in calibration is listed in Table 8-2.

Table 8 - 2 Equipments for Calibration

Standard equipment	Working range	Accuracy
Standard DC voltage generator	300mV to 1000V	±0.001%
Standard AC voltage generator	30mVrms to 700Vrms, 1kHz	±0.02%
Standard DC current generator	300mA to 3000mA	±0.03%
Standard AC current generator	30mArms to 3000mArms, 1kHz	±0.03%
Standard resistor	300Ω to 3000 kΩ	±0.001%
	30 ΜΩ	±0.003%
	300 ΜΩ	±0.01%
		1 .

8.2.2 Calibration Method

This instrument must be calibrated in every range for each measuring function. Calibrate it at the zero and full-scale points for DC voltage/current and resistance measurement, 1/10 full-scale, full-scale, and high frequency measurement points for AC voltage measurement, and 1/10 full-scale and full-scale points for AC current measurement. See Table 8-3 for calibration items and their respective recommended input values.

Table 8 - 3 Calibration Items and Recommended Input Values

		Re	commended	input v	value	
Measurement item	Range	Zero	Full-sc		1/10 full	-scale
DC voltage (VDC)	300mV 3000mV 30V 300V 1000V	0 (Short-circuited)	300mV ±3000mV 30V 300V 1000V		- - -	
DC current (ADC)	300mA 3000mA	0 (Open)	300mA 3000mA			
AC voltage (VAC)	300mV 3000mV 30 V 300 V 700 V	- - - -	300mV 3000mV 30 V 300 V 700 V	1 kHz 1 kHz 1 kHz 1 kHz 1 kHz	30mV 300mV 3000mV 30 V 70 V	1 kHz 1 kHz 1 kHz 1 kHz 1 kHz
AC current (AAC)	300mA 3000mA	-	300mA 3000mA	1kHz 1kHz	Am0 E Am00 E	1kHz 1kHz
2W resistance (2WΩ)	300Ω 3000Ω 30kΩ 300kΩ 3000kΩ 30MΩ 300MΩ	0 (Short-circuited)	300Ω 3000Ω 30kΩ 300kΩ 3000kΩ 30MΩ 300MΩ		- - - - - -	
4W resistance (4WΩ)	300Ω 3000Ω 30kΩ 300kΩ 3000kΩ 30MΩ 300MΩ	0 (Short-circuited)	300Ω 3000Ω 30kΩ 300kΩ 30MΩ 300MΩ		-	

Note: The bar "-" indicates that no calibration is necessary for the corresponding item.

8.2 Calibrat	lon	
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The following procedure shows how to perform calibration. Calibration for only a particular range of a particular function is effective. Start calibration from the 3000mV range for DC voltage measurement. See Table 8-3 for calibration for other functions.

(1) Setting a Calibration Mode

Press the CAL switch on the rear panel. Then the display flashes to indicate that this equipment has entered the calibration mode.

In this mode, display in up to 5 1/2 digits is set, the NULL operation function is off, and the sampling rate is set to SLOW.

(2) Setting a Calibration Function

(3) Setting a Calibration Range

Set the range in which calibration is made using and and.

(4)	Calibration for Each Range
1	Input where setting for function and range are completed.
2	Press Then the changeable digits stop flashing.
3	Pressing causes the changeable digit moves to the right cyclically.
	Polarity $+10^5 \longrightarrow 10^4 \longrightarrow 10^3 \longrightarrow 10^2 \longrightarrow 10^1 \longrightarrow 10^0$ digit digit digit digit digit
4	Pressing causes numeric characters to change as below.
	Pressing causes them to change in reverse.
	Polarity $+10^5$ digit $\longrightarrow -3 \rightarrow -2 \rightarrow -1 \rightarrow 0 \rightarrow 1 \rightarrow 2 \rightarrow 3 \bigcirc$
	10 ⁴ to 10 ⁰ digit $\longrightarrow 0 \rightarrow 1 \rightarrow 2 \rightarrow 3 \rightarrow 4 \rightarrow 5 \rightarrow 6 \rightarrow 7 \rightarrow 8 \rightarrow 9 \rightarrow$
(5)	Steps (3) and (4) sets input values on the display.
6	Press to execute calibration with the display on the right to indicate that this equipment is under calibration.
7	On completion of calibration, the display restarts flashing.

(5) Canceling the Calibration Mode

Press the CAL switch on the rear panel to turn it off. Then this equipment returns to the ordinary measurement state in the last calibrated function range.

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(6) Canceling the Shift Mode During Calibration for Each range	(6)	Canceling the	Shift	Mode	During	Calibration	for	Each	ran
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To cancel the shift mode (with digits other than changeable ones flashing) when the calibration is on, press **vii*. Then all the digits start flashing.

(7) Calibration Via GPIB

Start this calibration after turning the CAL switch on.

(1) Zero and Scale Calibration in Each Range

Command PC dddddd (dddddd consisting of up to six digits without decimal point and polarity) causes calibration to the value represented by dddddd. (For example, PC300000 causes 3V input to be calibrated to 3000.00mV.)

8.2.3 Sample Calibrations

	Example 8-1: Calibration in 3000mV	range for VDC function
1	Press the CAL switch to set the calibration mode.	1234.56
2	Press = to select the VDC function and press = to se the 3000mV range.	All digits flashing
3	Short-circuit input and press .	0 0 0 0 0
		Flashing
4	Make sure that the display is cleared to zero, and press	
	again. If it is not zero, set the display to zero using E SHIFT	Indication during calibration
	and before pressing.	
	The display returns to the all-digit flashing state a few seconds later.	

5 Enter VDC and +30000mV and press	3000.00
6 Set the display to the calibration value (e.g., 3000.05mV) of the standard DC voltage generator using	3000.05
7 Press The display tells that calibration is being executed and returns to the all-digit flashing state a few seconds later.	
8 Enter VDC and -3000mV, then press	- 3 0 0 0 0 0
9 Set the display to the calibration value (e.g., -3000.03mV) of the	Flashing
standard DC voltage generator using	- 3 0 0 0 . 0 3 ·
and .	
10 Press The display tells that calibration is being executed	- 3000.03

and returns to the all-digit

(1) Press the CAL switch to cancel the calibration mode and end the

calibration.

flashing state a few seconds later.

	Example 8-2: Calibration for ACV function	on
1	Press [=], and set the range (e.g., 300) using bown and up.	OmV range) to be calibrated
2	Press the CAL switch to set the calibration mode.	0 0 0 0 0 0
3	Calibration of 1/10FS	All digits flashing
	- Enter VAC 300mV, 1kHz.	0300.05
	- Press .	All digits flashing
		0 3 0 0.0 0
	- Set the display to the	Flashing
	calibration value (e.g., 300.02mV) of the standard AC voltage generator using	030002
	AUTO DOWN UP	Flashing
	SHIFT - Press -	
	Executing → calibration	
	The display indicates that calibration is being executed and it returns to the	0 3 0 0.0 2
	all-digit flashing state on completion of the calibration.	All digits flashing
4	Calibration of F.S Enter VAC 3000mV, 1kHz.	300008
	SHIFT	All digits flashing
	- Press .	300000
	- Set the display to the	Flashing
	calibration value (e.g., 3000.10mV) of the standard AC voltage generator using	3000.10
	AUTO DOWN UP	Flashing

⑤ Press the CAL switch to cancel the calibration mode. Then this equipment returns to the ordinary measurement mode.

9.1 Outline of R6551/R6551EMC Operation

9. DESCRIPTION OF R6551/R6551EMC OPERATION

This chapter summarizes the principle of operation of the R6551/R6551EMC.

9.1 Outline of R6551/R6551EMC Operation

This equipment digital multimeter incorporates a 5 1/2-digit AD converter under microcomputer control. To keep high measurement accuracy, R6551 uses thin film resistors developed by ADVANTEST to provide stable amplification of the input attenuator and ranging amplifier.

This equipment consists of the following blocks:

- Attenuator which divides DC and AC voltage into 1/1, 1/100, and 1/1000
- Switch to select input depending on voltage, resistance, and current measurement
- Ranging amplifier which regulates input to the AD converter to 3000mV (full scale)
- AC/DC converter which converts AC to DC voltage
- AD converter which digitizes analog voltage
- OHM/DC converter which passes reference current to a measured resistor in resistance measurement
- Current/voltage converter which converts measured current into voltage using shunt resistance in current measurement
- Function/range control for ranges of each function
- LED display block to indicate the results of measurement
- Standard voltage generator
- Optical isolator which communicates data between the analog system and microcomputer
- Microcomputer which manages the entire equipment
- Power supply

A DC voltage to be measured enters the attenuator from the input terminal (between V and COM). The input voltage is divided at the attenuation ratio set by the function and range controller unit.

The ranging amplifier outputs input voltage and zero voltage alternately to the AD converter. This output method is generally called auto zero method, which corrects the offset voltage of amplifiers (ranging amplifier and the one used for the AD converter). The amplifier degree of not only the attenuator but also the ranging amplifier is set at the range controller unit.

The AD converter converts analog output from the ranging amplifier into digital form by integration. Converted data is transferred to the CPU for controlling the system and displayed on the LED display block. At the same time, the data is output to the range control unit to check for range setting. If an improper range has been set, the function and range controller unit shifts the range up or down until a proper range is selected.

Resistance, AC voltage, and AC or DC current are measured respectively by the OHM/DC converter, AC/DC converter, and AD converter in the same way as for the above DC voltage measurement.

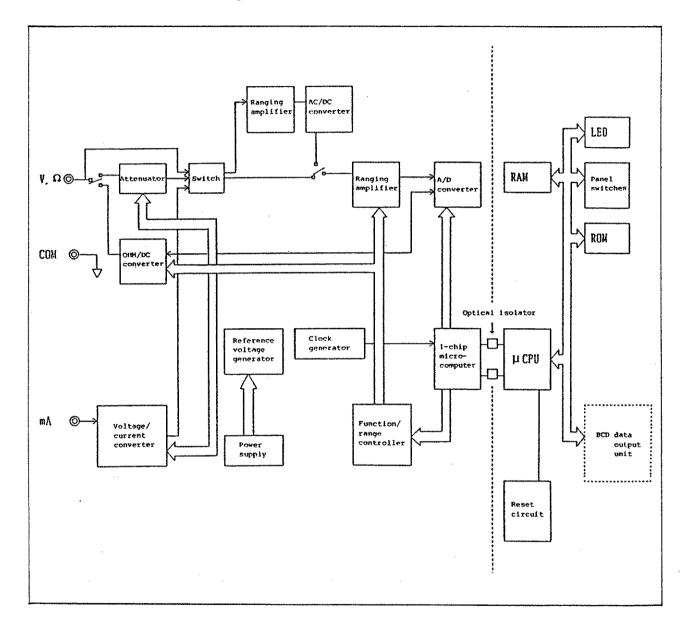


Figure 9 - 1 R6551/R6551EMC Block Diagram

9.2 AD Converter

This equipment incorporates an AD converter of a variable input integration type. The AD converter can select input integration time 100ms, 20ms (at commercial line frequency of 50Hz), or 2ms. Thereby, the AD converter allows stable measurement and high-speed sampling at a high noise elimination ratio to be set to meet the measurement purpose. Figure 9-2 outlines the operation of the AD converter.

When S1 comes on and input voltage Vin is integrated, the converter turns S2 on after a certain period of time if the output value from the integrator is negative. At the same time, it applies reference voltage Vref to the integrator until the output value from the integrator is inverted to be positive. The converter measures the time taken for this inversion. It repeats the above operation for the selected input integration time, and it turns S1 off when the integrator turns positive, after integration is finished. The polarity of the integrator is checked by output of the comparator U2 connected to the output of the integrator.

Calculation of the total time while S2 is left on results in AD converted data. This AD converted data allows display values and computed data to be digitally output based on calibration data for zero and full-scale input set at calibration time as the reference value.

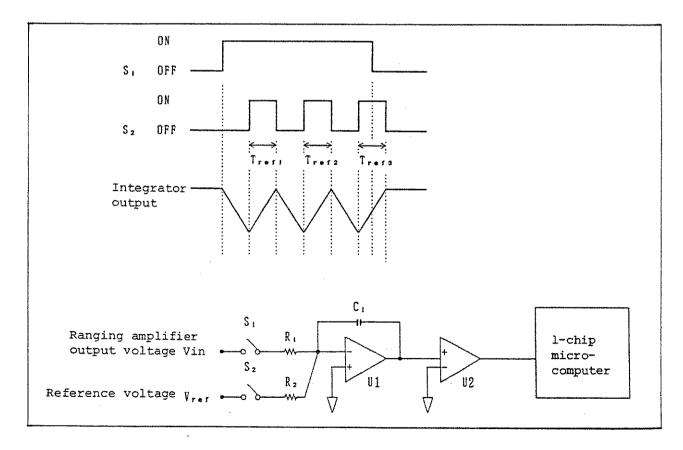
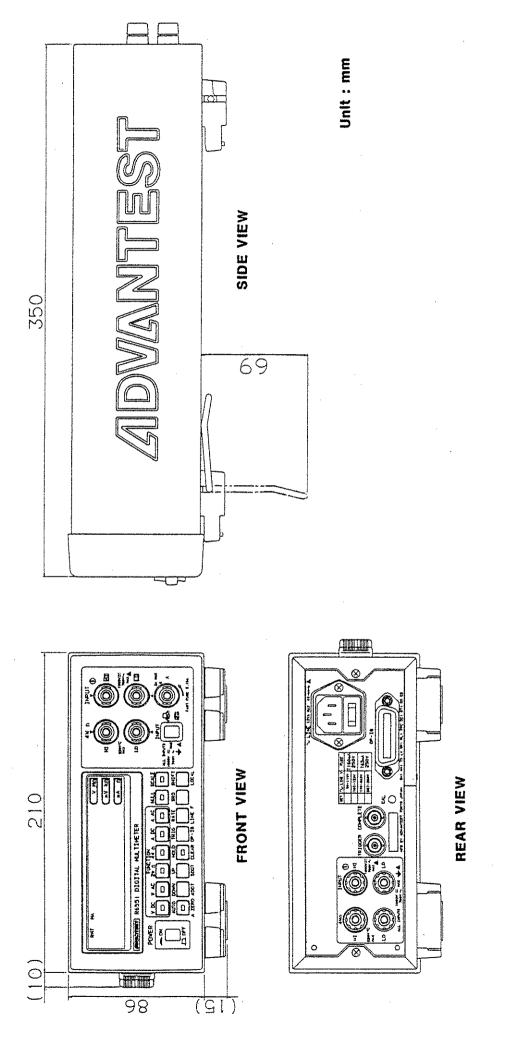


Figure 9 - 2 Outline of AD Converter Operation

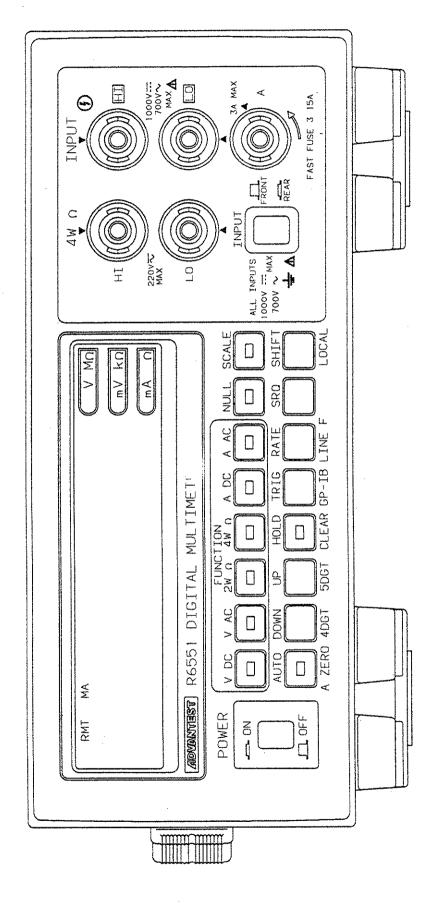
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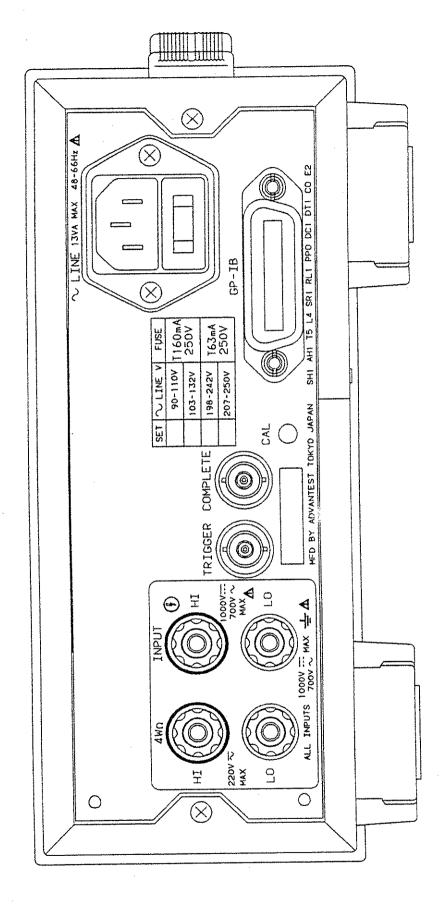
R6551 External view

R6551EXT1-9008-B

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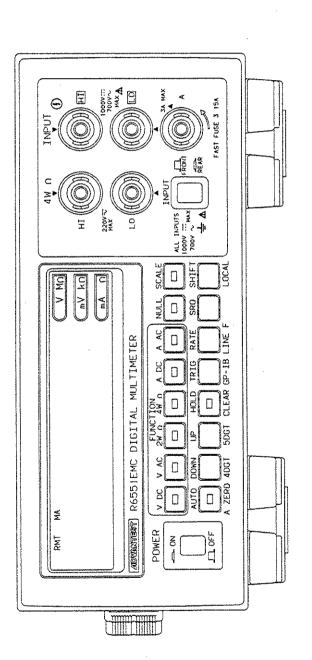


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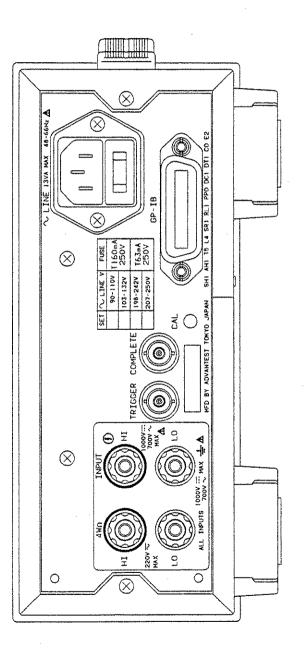


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		9

R6551 DIGITAL MULTIMETER INSTRUCTION MANUAL

Index

INDEX

[2]				(D)			
2WΩ key	2	-	1	Data Format Data Output Code	6	_	2
(4)	0		0	Data Output Connector Delimiter	5	-	10
4WΩ key	2		7	DESCRIPTION OF R6551 OPERATION Digital Display			
4WΩ HI Terminal 4WΩ LO Terminal	2		7	(E)			
4WΩ LO Terminal	2		9	Error Messages	4	-	4
(A)				Exponent Parts	5	**	8
A AC key ···································				(F)			
A HI Terminal	2	_	7	Front Panel			
Accessories Supplied				FRONT/REAR Selector Switch			
AD Converter				Fuse HolderFuses			
Address Codes				1 4 4 5 5	1		U
Address Setting				(G)			
Ambient Operating Environment							
AUTO/A ZERO Key	2	-	2	General CPIP Connector Bin Assignment			
(B)				GPIB Connector Pin Assignment GPIB Connector	2	_	10
(2)				GPIB INTERFACE			
BCD Data Output Codes				GPIB Specifications	5	-	2
BCD Output Connector BCD OUTPUT				(H)			
Binary Output Format	5	_	10				
Block Diagram	9	-	2	Header ON/OFF Selection	5	_	5
(C)				Header TypesHOLD/CLEAR Key			
				HOLD/ CLEAR Rey	۵		J
CAL Switch				(1)			
Calibration Method							
Calibration Check Items				Inhibiting Unnecessary Measuring Functions	4		7
Command Codes				Input Cable			
COMPLETE Connector				INPUT Terminal HI			
Connection to Digital Recorder	6	-	5	INPUT Terminal HI			
Connection ····	6	-	5	INPUT Terminal LO			
				INPUT Terminal LO	2	-	9
				Interconnecting GPIB System Components	E	_	A
				Interface Functions			
					-		

R6551

DIGITAL MULTIMETER INSTRUCTION MANUAL

(L)				Service Request			3.4
				Set a line frequency			
Listener Specification	=		1 1	Set the address	ن و	_	9 9
ristener Specification	5	_	11	Set the header			
· (M)					J	-	J
(M)				Set the number of digits to be	0		
WA Indicator	ດ		1	displayed			
MA Indicator				Set to initial values			
Main Header				Setting a Line Frequency			
Mantissa				SHIFT/LOCAL Key			
Measuring Timing				Specification			
Messages	4	***	3	SRQ			
				SRQ Key			
(N)				Storage			
				Sub-header	5	-	7
NULL Key							
NULL Operation	4	-	5	(T)			
(O)				Talker Specification	5	_	7
				TR6198			
Operation Flowchart				TRIG/GP-IB Key			
Option				TRIGGER Connector			
Option01	6	-	1	Troubleshooting	8	_	1
Outline of AD Converter Operation -	9	-	3	Turning the Power on and			
Output Format				Initialization	4	-	2
Over Range Message					-		
	-		_	(U)			
(P)				(5)			
	•			Unit Display	9		1
Power Cable	1	_	6	onit bispiu,	_		
Power Connector				(V)			
POWER Switch				(V)			
Program Codes				V AC key	9		1
riogram codes	J		11	V DC key			
(T)				v be key	۷		1
(R)				(***			
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Range DOWN/4DGT Key				***	^		_
Range UP/5DGT Key				Warm-up			
RATE/LINE Key				Warming Up	1	_	5
Rear Panel							
REMOTE Indicator	2	-	1				
(S)							
Sample Programs							
Sampling Indicator	2	-	1				
SCALE Key							
SCALE Operation							
Selection of Mesuring Functions							

Index

WARRANII

ADVANTEST product is warranted against defects in material and workmanship for a period of one year from the date of delivery to original buyer.

LIMITATION OF WARRANTY

The foregoing warranty shall not apply to defects resulting from improper or inadequate maintenance by buyer, unauthorized modification or misuse, accident or abnormal conditions of operations.

No other warranty is expressed or implied. ADVANTEST specifically disclaims the implied warranties of merchantability and fitness for a particular purpose.

ADVANTEST shall not be liable for any special incidental or consequential damages, whether in contract, tort or otherwise.

Any and all warranties are revoked if the product is removed from the country in which it was originally purchased.

SERVICE

During the warranty period, ADVANTEST will, at its option, either repair or replace products which prove to be defective.

When trouble occurs, buyer should contact his local supplier or ADVANTEST giving full details of the problem and the model name and serial number.

For the products returned to ADVANTEST for warranty service, buyer shall prepay shipping and transportation charges to ADVANTEST and ADVANTEST shall pay shipping and transportation charges to return the product to buyer. However, buyer shall pay all charges, duties, and taxes incurred in his country for products returned from ADVANTEST.

CLAIM FOR DAMAGE IN SHIPMENT TO ORIGINAL BUYER

The product should be thoroughly inspected immediately upon original delivery to buyer. All material in the container should be checked against the enclosed packing list or the instruction manual alternatively. ADVANTEST will not be responsible for shortage unless notified immediately.

If the product is damaged in any way, a claim should be filed by the buyer with carrier immediately. (To obtain a quotation to repair shipment damage, contact ADVANTEST or the local supplier.) Final claim and negotiations with the carrier must be completed by buyer.

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